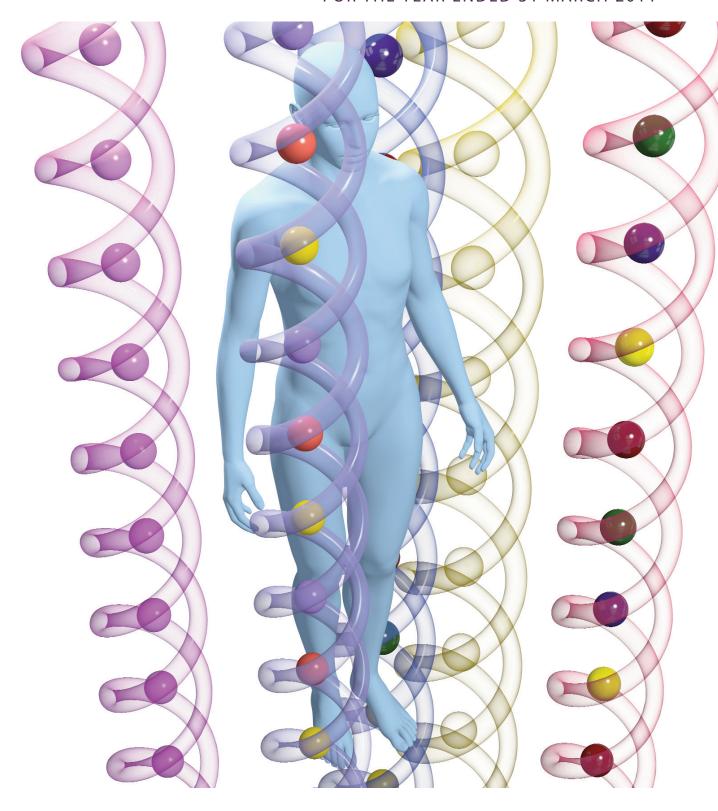
# THE BIOTECH GROWTH TRUST PLC

ANNUAL REPORT & FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011







# THE BIOTECH GROWTH TRUST PLC

# **CONTINUATION VOTE**

The next continuation vote of the Company shall be held at the Annual General Meeting in 2015, further opportunities to vote on the continuation of the Company shall be given to shareholders every five years thereafter.

# **GEARING**

The Company's borrowing requirements (limited to £15m by the Board) are met through the utilisation of a loan facility, repayable on demand, provided by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York. As at 31 March 2011 this facility was unutilised.

# ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Barber-Surgeons' Hall, Monkwell Square, Wood Street, London EC2Y 5BL on Thursday, 14 July 2011 at 12 noon.

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#### **KEY STATISTICS**

| Shareholders' funds (£'000)                                |
|--|
| Net asset value per share                                  |
| Share price  |
| Discount of share price to net asset value per share       |
| NASDAQ Biotechnology Index (sterling adjusted) (Benchmark) |
| Total expense ratio*                                       |

| Year ended<br>31 March<br>2010 | % change   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 120,417                        | +0.3%  |
| 182.6p                         | +1.9%  |
| 175.8p                         | -5.6%  |
| 3.7%                           | _  |
| 618.1                          | +4.8%  |
| 1.2%                           | -  |
|                                | 31 March<br>2010<br>120,417<br>182.6p<br>175.8p<br>3.7%<br>618.1 |

<sup>\*</sup>Based on the average amount of shareholders' funds during the year – excludes performance fee accrued/written back – see note 3 on page 31.

#### PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2011



Figures have been rebased to 100 as at 31 March 2010. Source: Bloomberg and Morningstar

# INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The Biotech Growth Trust PLC seeks capital appreciation through investment in the worldwide biotechnology industry, principally by investing in emerging biotechnology companies. Performance is measured against the NASDAQ Biotechnology Index (sterling adjusted).

The majority of the emerging biotechnology companies that the Company will invest in are likely to be companies with a market capitalisation of less than U.S.\$3 billion that have undergone an IPO (Initial Public Offering) but as yet are unprofitable. They will typically be focused on drug research and development, with their valuations driven by profitable developments, clinical trial results and partnerships.

The Company may invest or commit for investment a maximum of U.S.\$15 million, after the deduction of proceeds of disposal and other returns of capital, in private equity funds managed by

OrbiMed Capital LLC, the Company's Investment Manager, or an affiliate thereof. Further details of the Company's investment policy are set out in the Report of the Directors beginning on page 8.

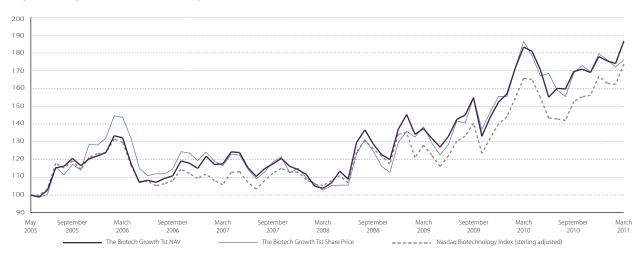
# CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2011, the Company had 64,954,681 shares in issue. During the year, 1,005,180 shares were bought back for cancellation. Subsequent to the year end, to 31 May 2011, a further 262,756 shares were bought back for cancellation.

#### DIVIDEND

No dividend is recommended in respect of the year ended 31 March 2011 (2010: Nil).

# PERFORMANCE SINCE THE DATE OF APPOINTMENT OF ORBIMED CAPITAL LLC AS INVESTMENT MANAGER



Figures have been rebased to 100 as at 19 May 2005. Source: Bloomberg and Morningstar

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH FIVE YEAR PERFORMANCE RECORD

|  | 2006   | 2007   | 2008   | 2009   | 2010   | 2011   |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Net asset value per share                                      | 131.8p | 117.1p | 103.4p | 136.9p | 182.6p | 186.0p |
| Share price  | 135.5p | 109.8p | 96.8p  | 130.5p | 175.8p | 166.0p |
| (Premium)/discount of share price to net asset value per share | (2.8)% | 6.2%   | 6.4%   | 4.7%   | 3.7%   | 10.8%  |
| NASDAQ Biotechnology<br>Index (sterling adjusted)              | 483.7  | 394.7  | 393.1  | 477.5  | 618.1  | 647.9  |

#### PERFORMANCE

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Company's net asset value per share rose by 1.9% compared to a rise of 4.8% in the Company's benchmark during the same period. The Company's share price, however, fell by 5.6%, as the discount of share price to net asset value per share widened from 3.7% at 31 March 2010 to 10.8% at the year-end.

This disappointing result was due in part to the strong performance of a small number of stocks which were in the Index against which we measure our performance but which were not in our own portfolio. We also suffered from being underweight in some mid capitalisation stocks which performed particularly well in the second half of the year and overweight in major biotechnology companies which underperformed the mid and small capitalisation companies. A weakening of the U.S. dollar during the year had a negative impact on the Company's absolute performance. Further information on the Company's investments can be found in the Review of Investments beginning on page 6.

Active management of a portfolio will inevitably lead to periods of relative out and underperformance. For example in the two preceding financial years our net asset value per share rose by 32.4% and 33.4% respectively, substantially outperforming the Index throughout that period.

# RETURN PER SHARE AND DIVIDEND

The total return per share amounted to 3.0p for the year (2010: return of 51.8p), comprising a revenue deficit of 0.5p per share (2010: deficit of 0.6p) and a capital gain of 3.5p (2010: gain of 52.4p). No dividend is recommended in respect of the year ended 31 March 2011(2010: Nil).

# **GEARING**

Following a change in the Company's custodian in December 2009, the Company's borrowing requirements are met through a loan facility, negotiated on competitive terms, provided by the custodian Goldman Sachs & Co, New York. This loan facility was used by the Company at various times during the year but on 31 March 2011 it was undrawn.

#### CAPITAL

The Board has continued to implement its policy of active discount management and to buy back shares when necessary in the event of the market price being at a discount greater than 6% to the net asset value per share. During the year, a total of 1,005,180 shares was bought back for cancellation, at an average discount to net asset value per share of 7.9%. The cost was £1,601,000 (including expenses).

As mentioned above, the discount of the Company's share price to the net asset value per share was 10.8% at the year-end, emphasising that the discount can sometimes temporarily exceed the target of 6%. This reflects the overall balance between supply and demand for the Company's shares in the secondary market and the volatility of the biotechnology asset class.

The average month end share price discount during the year was 6.1% and the execution and timing of any share buy-backs will continue to be at the absolute discretion of the Board. Shareholder approval to renew the authority to buy-back shares will be sought at the Annual General Meeting.

# DEVELOPMENTS IN THE INVESTMENT TRUST SECTOR

HM Treasury's review of the tax and company law rules affecting investment trusts set out in its consultation document last summer has now resulted in sensible and beneficial amendments which should be advantageous to the whole industry. These amendments include a softening of the rules so that inadvertent and minor breaches that are remedied without delay will not cause the investment trust concerned to suffer adverse tax consequences. Our trade association, the Association of Investment Companies (AIC), played a leading role in reaching this satisfactory conclusion of the review.

The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive was passed into law by the European Parliament last summer, but there is much detail still to emerge before this Directive takes effect in 2013. It is, however, clear that much of the over-bureaucratic regulation first proposed has been abandoned in favour of more pragmatic measures and the AIC again played a major role in achieving this.

# **OUTLOOK**

The outlook for most markets has tended to improve over the last two years, not least on account of the expansive monetary policies adopted by many central banks. The Company's share price has risen from 130.5p to 180.0p since 31 March 2009. Serious structural problems still persist, however, in many industrial countries, particularly in the United States and in Europe. The dangers of inflation remain another growing source of concern.

OrbiMed, our Investment Manager, believes that the outlook for the healthcare sector is good although volatility in the sector may increase if the Republicans decide to reform the current U.S. healthcare bill. But healthcare shares in general, and mature biotechnology shares in particular, are at historically low levels as measured by criteria such as a company's price/earnings to growth ratio and OrbiMed are well positioned to take advantage of the investment opportunities which arise. Continued merger and acquisition activity and the release of important product data will both be key drivers for the sector. In addition, there are a number of expected high profile and innovative product approvals due in 2011 which could prove very significant for the sector.

Despite disappointing performance in the year under review your Board is confident that the Company is well positioned to take advantage of current market conditions.

Our focus continues to be on the selection of stocks with strong prospects for capital enhancement and we continue to believe that the long term investor in our sector will be well rewarded.

# ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Barber-Surgeons' Hall, Monkwell Square, Wood Street, London EC2Y 5BL on Thursday, 14 July 2011 at 12 noon, and we hope as many shareholders as possible will attend. This will be an opportunity to meet the Board and to receive a presentation from our Investment Manager.

JOHN SCLATER, CVO CHAIRMAN 31 MAY 2011 THE BOARD 4

# JOHN SCLATER, CVO (CHAIRMAN)\*†\*

John Sclater, aged 70, has served on the Board as Chairman since the launch of the Company in June 1997; he is also Chairman of the Nominations Committee. He was formerly a Trustee of The Grosvenor Estate, Chairman of Hill Samuel Bank Limited, Chairman of Foreign & Colonial Investment Trust PLC, Chairman of Graphite Enterprise Trust PLC, First Church Estates Commissioner, President of The Equitable Life Assurance Society and a Director of other public companies. He remains a self-employed farmer and Chairman of Argent Group (Europe) Ltd and of Burner, Nicol & Co. Limited.

#### **SVEN BORHO**

Sven Borho, aged 44, joined the Board in March 2006. He is a founding General Partner of OrbiMed Capital LLC, the Company's Investment Manager, where he acts as a portfolio manager for OrbiMed's public equity funds and heads the firm's trading activities. He started his career in 1991 when he joined Mehta and Isaly as a Senior Analyst covering European pharmaceutical firms and biotechnology companies worldwide. Sven studied business administration at Bayreuth University in Germany and received an M.Sc (Econ.) from The London School of Economics.

# PAUL GAUNT†#

Paul Gaunt, aged 62, joined the Board in June 1997. Paul is self-employed and has over 30 years' experience in the investment industry. He was formerly Senior Investment Manager and an Assistant General Manager of The Equitable Life Assurance Society and a Director of Brit Insurance Holdings PLC and of Oasis Healthcare plc. Paul is a Director of RCM Technology Trust PLC and also of Worldwide Healthcare Trust PLC; OrbiMed Capital LLC, the Company's Investment Manager, also acts as investment Manager for Worldwide Healthcare Trust PLC.

#### DR JOHN GORDON\*†\*

Dr John Gordon, aged 66, joined the Board in June 1997 and has been designated as the Senior Independent Director; he is also Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. Dr Gordon is Chairman of, and employed by, Quercus Management Limited and has previously acted as Director of several biotechnology companies, as well as working at Beecham Research Laboratories, Cambridge University and the Medical Research Council.

- \* Member of the Audit and Management Engagement Committee
- † Member of the Nominations Committee
- # Member of the Remuneration Committee

All members of the Board are non-executive. None of the Directors has any other connections with the Investment Manager and is not employed by any of the companies in which the Company holds an investment.

#### PETER KEEN\*†#

Peter Keen, aged 53, has served on the Board as a Director since the launch of the Company in June 1997 and is Chairman of the Audit & Management Engagement Committee. A chartered accountant, he has over 25 years' experience in the management and financing of biotechnology businesses and up until March 2010 was the Corporate Development and Finance Director of the privately held biopharmaceutical company Serentis Limited. He has served as a Director of a number of technology businesses and is currently the Senior Independent Director of Abcam plc, a Director of Ark Therapeutics Group plc and Chairman of Oval Medical Technologies Limited and of Exosect Limited.

# THE RT HON LORD WALDEGRAVE OF NORTH HILL\*†

Lord Waldegrave of North Hill, aged 64, joined the Board in June 1998. He is Provost of Eton College and acts as a consultant to investment bank UBS, where he was formerly Vice-Chairman of their Investment Banking Department. He is a Director of Fleming Family & Partners Limited and was previously Chairman of the Global Financial Institutions Group at Dresdner Kleinwort Wasserstein. From 1979 to 1997, he was MP for Bristol West holding a number of Cabinet posts including Secretary of State for Health. Lord Waldegrave of North Hill is also Chairman of the Rhodes Trust.

OrbiMed Capital LLC, based in New York, is an investment manager focused exclusively on the healthcare sector, with approximately U.S.\$5.1 billion in assets under management as at 31 March 2011 across a range of funds, including investment trusts, hedge funds and private equity funds. OrbiMed's investment management activities were founded in 1989 by Samuel D Isaly.

#### INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Biotech Growth Trust's objective is to seek capital appreciation through investment in the worldwide biotechnology industry principally by investing in emerging biotechnology companies.

Consistent with this mandate, OrbiMed has invested the majority of the Company's assets in emerging biotechnology companies with the remainder invested in major biotechnology companies. The portfolio comprised 42 holdings as at 31 March 2011.

OrbiMed makes investments worldwide – in North America, Europe, and the Far East. Geographic allocation is in line with the geographic distribution of investment opportunities, with a majority of the Company's investments in companies based in North America.

OrbiMed takes a bottom-up approach to stock selection based on intensive proprietary research. Stock selection is based on rigorous financial analysis, exhaustive scientific review, frequent meetings with company management and consultations with physicians and other industry experts.

OrbiMed seeks to invest in emerging biotechnology companies with strong management teams, innovative products in development, and sufficient financial resources to develop those products. For major biotechnology companies, OrbiMed looks for strong management teams, healthy organic growth from current products and deep pipelines to fuel future growth.

The attainment of profitability frequently acts as a significant catalyst for biotech share price appreciation. As a result, OrbiMed believes superior returns can be achieved by investing in emerging biotechnology companies two to three years prior to sustainable profitability.

Companies that become profitable benefit from greater analyst research coverage, a wider institutional investor base and reduced clinical development risk (since profitability typically coincides with a product approval and launch). OrbiMed generally seeks to exit its investments when the wider investor community starts to value the newly profitable biotechnology company in excess of its anticipated future growth.

Risk management is conducted via position size limits, geographic diversification and an appropriate weighting between major and emerging biotechnology. OrbiMed maintains adequate portfolio liquidity by limiting the Company's ownership to 15% of an individual company's equity (at the time of investment) and by strictly limiting the Company's exposure to direct unquoted companies to 10% of the portfolio at the time of acquisition.

#### THE ORBIMED TEAM

OrbiMed's investment professionals possess a combination of extensive scientific, medical, and financial expertise. The following five individuals represent the portfolio management team for the Company:

Samuel D Isaly, is a founder and the Managing Partner of OrbiMed. Sam has been active in global healthcare investing and analysis since 1968 when he joined Chase Manhattan Bank in New York. During his career, Sam has been a pharmaceutical analyst with Merrill Lynch, Legg Mason and SocGen Swiss International. Sam created OrbiMed's asset management business in 1989 through OrbiMed's predecessor organisation, Mehta and Isaly. Sam has a BA in Economics from Princeton University and a M.Sc. (Econ.) from The London School of Economics.

**Sven H Borho, CFA**, is a founding General Partner of OrbiMed. Sven is a portfolio manager for OrbiMed's public equity funds and he heads the firm's trading team. He started his career in 1991 when he joined Mehta and Isaly as a Senior Analyst covering European pharmaceutical firms and biotechnology companies worldwide. Sven studied business administration at Bayreuth University in Germany and received a M.Sc. (Econ.) from The London School of Economics; he is a citizen of both Germany and Sweden.

Carl L Gordon, Ph.D, CFA, is a founding General Partner of OrbiMed and co-Head of Private Equity. Carl is active in both private equity and small-capitalisation public equity investments. He was a senior biotechnology analyst at Mehta and Isaly from 1995 to 1997. He was a Fellow at The Rockefeller University from 1993 to 1995. Carl received a Ph.D. in Molecular Biology from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. His doctoral work involved studies of protein folding and assembly. He received a Bachelors degree from Harvard College.

**Geoffrey C Hsu, CFA**, is a General Partner of OrbiMed, having joined in 2002 as a public biotechnology analyst. Prior to joining OrbiMed, he worked as a financial analyst in the healthcare investment banking group at Lehman Brothers. Geoffrey received his AB degree summa cum laude from Harvard University and holds an MBA from Harvard Business School. Prior to business school, he spent two years studying medicine at Harvard Medical School.

**Richard D Klemm, Ph.D, CFA**, joined OrbiMed in 2000 as a public biotechnology analyst. He completed a Ph.D. from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in Molecular Biology in 2000. Richard has published scientific articles in the fields of DNA replication and transcription. He received a BA from the University of California, Berkeley in 1994 with majors in molecular and cell biology and economics.

#### PERFORMANCE REVIEW

The Company's net asset value per share increased by 1.9% during the year. A weakening of the U.S. dollar negatively impacted the Company's absolute performance by approximately 5%. The Company's benchmark index, the NASDAQ Biotechnology Index (measured on a sterling adjusted basis), rose 4.8% during this period. The underperformance is partially attributed to a relative overweight position in major biotechnology companies which underperformed the mid and small capitalisation companies during the year.

The top contributors to performance in the portfolio were Ariad Pharmaceuticals, Genzyme, Pharmasset, Illumina, and Shire. Ariad reported positive results from two programmes during the year which drove positive share performance: Ponatinib showed strong activity against the treatment of refractory chronic myelogenous leukaemia and Ridaforolimus demonstrated a benefit in sarcoma. Genzyme was acquired by Sanofi-Aventis at a 40% premium to the price before rumours of the unsolicited bid emerged. Pharmasset reported positive results from early stage trials for two of its HCV (Hepatitis C) polymerase inhibitors, PSI-7977 and PSI-938. Over the course of the year, it has become clear that Pharmasset is a front-runner among the next "wave" of direct acting antiviral drugs for HCV, and has the potential to be the first company with an all-oral combination regimen for HCV. Illumina's share price performance was driven by the launch of the company's new HiSeq 2000 next generation sequencing system in early 2010, which exceeded sales expectations over the course of the year. There has been keen investor interest in next generation genetic sequencing for both research and diagnostic purposes and Illumina remains the leading company in that area. Shire's share price performance was driven by earnings upside due to manufacturing difficulties at a key competitor and the absence of broad generic competition to its legacy attention deficit disorder compound Adderall XR.

The largest losses were from positions in Allos Therapeutics, Curis, Amgen, and Celgene. Allos' shares were weak as the launch of their drug Folotyn for peripheral T-cell lymphoma came in below estimates. Furthermore, they reported underwhelming data for Folotyn for the treatment of lung cancer, a key expansion indication. We continue to hold the shares as we believe that the reset expectations for Folotyn in 2011 are achievable. Curis reported negative data for their "hedgehog inhibitor" licensed to Roche in colorectal cancer. This failure suggests that the drug may be limited to the relatively small market of basal cell carcinoma, where it does possess dramatic activity. Amgen's shares remained subdued during the year due to a slower-than-anticipated launch of its osteoporosis drug Prolia, investor concerns about the company's capital allocation policy and continued headwinds for the company's anaemia franchise. Celgene's shares underperformed during the year as investors began to question the longer term growth potential of the company. Additionally, data presented in December caused some concern about the potential for Revlimid, Celgene's lead drug for myeloma, to cause secondary cancers and thus limit uptake in the maintenance setting.

# **OUTLOOK: NEW PRODUCT MOMENTUM CONTINUES**

The outlook for new innovative products from the biotechnology sector remains strong. A number of the drugs approved or expected to be approved in 2011 have "blockbuster" potential (conventionally defined, a blockbuster is a drug with over U.S.\$1 billion in annual sales). We would highlight four new products that will be launched in 2011: Benlysta, Esbriet, Telaprevir, and Ruxolitinib.

- Benylsta, from Human Genome Sciences and partnered with GlaxoSmithKline, is an anti-BLyS antibody for the treatment of lupus, an
  autoimmune disease with high unmet need. It is the first drug to be approved in the United States for lupus in 50 years.
- Esbriet, from InterMune, has been approved in Europe for idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, a fatal lung disease with no other effective drug therapy.
- Telaprevir, from Vertex Pharmaceuticals, is a protease inhibitor for Hepatitis C. This drug dramatically increases the cure rate compared with current standard of care and will greatly expand the number of patients treated annually for Hepatitis C.
- Ruxolitinib, from Incyte, is a Janus kinase inhibitor for myelofibrosis, a progressive scarring of the bone marrow. The drug has shown impressive
  activity in reducing spleen size and improving symptoms of the disease.

The number of holdings in the portfolio remains at approximately 40, exclusive of unquoted investments and warrants. The geographic distribution of assets is 81% North America, 13% Europe 3% Far East and 3% Israel. Currently approximately 45% of the Company's assets are invested in major capitalisation companies and 55% are invested in small and mid capitalisation companies. We believe that the level of high profile new drug launches, the favourable valuation of major biotechnology companies and the potential for continued merger and acquisition activity will drive strong performance in the coming year.

SVEN BORHO
ORBIMED CAPITAL LLC
INVESTMENT MANAGER
31 MAY 2011

PORTFOLIO 7

# AS AT 31 MARCH 2011

|  |                | Fair value | % of        |
|--|----------------|------------|-------------|
| Investments                            | Country/region | £′000      | Investments |
| Gilead Sciences                        | United States  | 10,699     | 8.3         |
| Shire                                  | Ireland        | 7,903      | 6.2         |
| Life Technologies                      | United States  | 6,050      | 4.7         |
| Illumina                               | United States  | 5,726      | 4.5         |
| Amgen                                  | United States  | 5,169      | 4.0         |
| Incyte Genomics                        | United States  | 5,139      | 4.0         |
| Pharmasset                             | United States  | 4,570      | 3.6         |
| Celgene                                | United States  | 4,414      | 3.4         |
| Biogen Idec                            | United States  | 4,395      | 3.4         |
| Teva Pharmaceutical Industries         | Israel         | 4,375      | 3.4         |
| Top 10 Investments                     |                | 58,440     | 45.5        |
| Thermo Fisher Scientific               | United States  | 4,204      | 3.3         |
| Warner Chilcott                        | Ireland        | 4,065      | 3.2         |
| Pharmacyclics                          | United States  | 4,035      | 3.2         |
| Perrigo                                | United States  | 3,768      | 2.9         |
| Alexion Pharmaceuticals                | United States  | 3,641      | 2.8         |
| BioMarin Pharmaceutical                | United States  | 3,640      | 2.8         |
| United Therapeutics                    | United States  | 3,587      | 2.8         |
| ArQule                                 | United States  | 3,225      | 2.5         |
| Affymetrix                             | United States  | 2,942      | 2.3         |
| 3SBio                                  | China          | 2,940      | 2.3         |
| Top 20 Investments                     |                | 94,487     | 73.6        |
| Allos Therapeutics                     | United States  | 2,760      | 2.2         |
| Cubist Pharmaceuticals                 | United States  | 2,633      | 2.1         |
| Medivir                                | Sweden         | 2,596      | 2.0         |
| Human Genome Science                   | United States  | 2,416      | 1.9         |
| KV Pharmaceutical                      | United States  | 2,363      | 1.8         |
| Dendreon                               | United States  | 2,279      | 1.8         |
| InterMune                              | United States  | 2,091      | 1.6         |
| Exact Sciences                         | United States  | 2,076      | 1.6         |
| Regeneron Pharmaceuticals              | United States  | 2,070      | 1.6         |
| Ariad Pharmaceuticals                  | United States  | 2,022      | 1.6         |
| Top 30 Investments                     |                | 117,793    | 91.8        |
| Fluidigm                               | United States  | 1,843      | 1.4         |
| Onyx Pharmaceuticals                   | United States  | 1,709      | 1.3         |
| Cephalon                               | United States  | 1,371      | 1.1         |
| NPS Pharmacuticals                     | United States  | 1,313      | 1.0         |
| Stratec Biomedical Systems             | Germany        | 1,311      | 1.0         |
| OrbiMed Asia Partners L.P. (unquoted)  |                | .,         |             |
| (formerly Caduceus Asia Partners L.P.) | Far East       | 1,188      | 0.9         |
| Anadys Pharmaceuticals                 | United States  | 711        | 0.6         |
| Aveo Pharmaceuticals                   | United States  | 570        | 0.4         |
| Bavarian Nordic                        | Denmark        | 351        | 0.3         |
| YM Biosciences                         | Canada         | 102        | 0.1         |
| Top 40 Investments                     |                | 128,262    | 99.9        |
| Idenix Pharmaceuticals                 | United States  | 84         | 0.1         |
| Ligand Pharmaceuticals Wts 10/13/11*   | United States  | _          | _           |
| Total Investments                      |                | 128,346    | 100.0       |
|  |                |            |             |

All of the above investments are equities unless otherwise stated.

# PORTFOLIO BREAKDOWN

| Investments       | Fair value<br>£'000 | % of<br>Investments |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Equities          | 128,346             | 100.0               |
| Warrants          | _                   | _                   |
| Total Investments | 128,346             | 100.0               |

<sup>\*</sup>Warrants

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS INCORPORATING THE BUSINESS REVIEW

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011.

#### INTRODUCTION

The Report of the Directors includes the Business Review and Corporate Governance Statement. The Business Review contains a review of the Company's business, the principal risks and uncertainties it faces and an analysis of its performance during the financial period, the position at the period end and the future business plans of the Company. To aid understanding of these areas the Board has included an analysis using appropriate Key Performance Indicators. The Business Review should be read in conjunction with the Chairman's Statement on page 3, the Review of Investments on page 6 and the Portfolio list on page 7.

#### BUSINESS AND STATUS OF THE COMPANY

The Company is registered as a public limited company and is an investment company within the terms of Section 833 of the Companies Act 2006. Its shares are listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and traded on the main market of the London Stock Exchange. The Company has received approval from HM Revenue & Customs as an authorised investment trust under Section 842 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 ("ICTA 1988") for the year ended 31 March 2010 and all previous periods. This approval is subject to there being no subsequent enquiry under corporation tax self-assessment. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company continues to direct its affairs so as to enable it to qualify for such approval and the Company will continue to seek approval each year. With effect from the year ended 31 March 2011, approval will be sought under Sections 1158 and 1159 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 ("CTA 2010"), formerly under Section 842 ICTA 1988.

The Company's shares are eligible for inclusion in the stocks and shares component of an Individual Savings Account.

#### CONTINUATION OF THE COMPANY

A resolution was passed at a General Meeting of the Company held on 4 December 2009, that the Company continue as an investment trust for a further five year period (from the Annual General Meeting held in 2010). In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, shareholders will have an opportunity to vote on the continuation of the Company at the Annual General Meeting in 2015 and every five years thereafter.

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND BENCHMARK

The Company seeks capital appreciation through investment in the worldwide biotechnology industry, principally by investing in emerging biotechnology companies. Performance is measured against the NASDAQ Biotechnology Index (sterling adjusted).

#### INVESTMENT POLICY

In order to achieve its investment objective, the Company invests in a diversified portfolio of biotechnology (including emerging biotechnology companies) and related securities on a worldwide basis.

#### **Investment Limitations and Guidelines**

The Board seeks to manage the Company's risk by imposing various investment limits and restrictions:

- The Company will not invest more than 10% of its gross assets in other closed ended investment companies (including investment trusts) listed on the London Stock Exchange, except where the investment companies themselves have stated investment policies to invest no more than 15% of their gross assets in other closed ended investment companies (including investment trusts) listed on the London Stock Exchange.
- The Company will not invest more than 15%, in aggregate, of the value of the gross assets of the Company in other closed ended investment companies (including investment trusts) listed on the London Stock Exchange.
- The Company will not invest more than 15% of the portfolio in any one individual stock at the time of acquisition.
- The largest 30 quoted stocks will normally represent at least 50% of the quoted portfolio.
- The majority of the emerging biotechnology companies that the Company will invest in are likely to be companies with a market capitalisation of less than US\$3 billion that have undergone an IPO (Initial Public Offering) but as yet are unprofitable. They will typically be focused on drug research and development, with their valuations driven by profitable developments, clinical trial results and partnerships.
- The Company will not invest more than 10% of the portfolio in direct unquoted investments at the time of acquisition. This limit does not include any investment in private equity funds managed by the Investment Manager or any affiliates of such entity.
- The Company may invest or commit for investment a maximum of U.S.\$15 million, after the deduction of proceeds of disposal and other returns of capital, in private equity funds managed by OrbiMed Capital LLC, the Company's Investment Manager, or an affiliate thereof.

- The Company's gearing policy is to borrow up to a maximum of £15 million. The Company's borrowing requirements are met through the utilisation of a loan facility, repayable on demand, provided by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York. This facility can be drawn down at the discretion of the Investment Manager.

Compliance with the Board's investment limitations and guidelines is monitored continuously by Frostrow Capital LLP ("Frostrow" or the "Manager") and OrbiMed Capital LLC ("OrbiMed" or the "Investment Manager") and is reported to the Board on a monthly basis.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Company invests with the objective of achieving capital growth and it is expected that dividends, if any, are likely to be small. The Board intends only to pay dividends on the Company's shares to the extent required in order to maintain the Company's investment trust status.

#### **PERFORMANCE**

In the year to 31 March 2011, the Company's net asset value per share increased by 1.9% compared to a rise of 4.8% in the NASDAQ Biotechnology Index (sterling adjusted). The Company's share price fell by 5.6% in the same period.

The Review of Investments on page 6 includes a review of the principal developments during the year, together with information on investment activity within the Company's portfolio.

# TOP AND BOTTOM FIVE CONTRIBUTORS TO NET ASSET VALUE PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2011

| TOR THE TEXE TO ST MARCH 2011 | Contribution<br>for the year to<br>31 March 2011<br>£'000 | Contribution<br>per share<br>(pence)* |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Top Five Contributors         |   |                                       |
| Ariad Pharmaceuticals         | 3,036   | 4.6                                   |
| Genzyme                       | 2,562   | 3.9                                   |
| Pharmasset                    | 2,326   | 3.5                                   |
| Illumina                      | 2,291   | 3.5                                   |
| Shire                         | 1,573   | 2.4                                   |
|                               |   | 17.9                                  |
| Bottom Five Contributors      |   |                                       |
| Allos Therapeutics            | (2,886)   | (4.4)                                 |
| Curis                         | (1,750)   | (2.7)                                 |
| Amgen                         | (1,676)   | (2.6)                                 |
| Celgene                       | (1,675)   | (2.5)                                 |
| Santarus                      | (1,441)   | (2.2)                                 |
|                               |   | (14.4)                                |

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 65,687,388 ordinary shares being the weighted average number of shares in issue for the year ended 31 March 2011. Source: Frostrow Capital LLP

# RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results attributable to shareholders for the year and the transfer to reserves are shown on page 25. No dividend is proposed in respect of the year ended 31 March 2011 (2010: nil).

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) INCORPORATING THE BUSINESS REVIEW

# KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ("KPIs")

The Board assesses its performance in meeting the Company's objective against the following Key Performance Indicators:

- Net asset value return (see page 1)
- Share price return (see pages 1 and 23)
- Stock contribution analysis (see page 9)
- Share price premium/discount to net asset value per share (see pages 1 and 2)
- Total expense ratio (see page 1)
- Benchmark and peer group performance (see pages 1, 2 and 23)
- Repurchase of own shares (see pages 1 and 11)

As indicated, the management of the portfolio has been delegated to the Investment Manager and management, administration, company secretarial and marketing services have been delegated to the Manager. Each provider is responsible to the Board which is ultimately responsible to the shareholders for performing against, *inter alia*, the above KPIs within the terms of their respective agreements by utilising the capabilities of the experienced professionals within each firm.

# PRINCIPAL RISKS AND THEIR MITIGATION

The Company's assets consist principally of listed equities; its main area of risk is therefore market-related. The specific key risks faced by the Company, together with the Board's mitigation approach, are as follows:

- i) Objective and Strategy The Company becomes unattractive to investors.
  - The Board reviews regularly the Company's investment objective and investment guidelines in the light of investor sentiment monitoring closely whether the Company should continue in its present form. The Board also considers the size of the Company to ensure that it has sufficient critical mass. The Board, through the Manager and the Investment Manager, holds regular discussions with major shareholders. A continuation vote is to be held at the Annual General Meeting in 2015 and every five years thereafter. Each month the Board receives a report which monitors the investments held in the portfolio compared against the Benchmark Index and the investment guidelines. Additional reports and presentations are regularly presented to investors by the Company's Manager, Investment Manager and Corporate Stockbroker.
- ii) Level of discount/premium The level of discount/premium can fluctuate.
  - The Board undertakes a regular review of the level of discount/premium and consideration is given to ways in which share price performance may be enhanced, including the effectiveness of marketing and share buy-backs, if considered appropriate. The Board has implemented an active discount management policy, buying back the Company's shares for cancellation if the market price is at a discount greater than 6% to the net asset value per share. Shareholders should note that it remains possible for the share price discount to net asset value per share to be greater than 6% on any one day and is due to the fact that the share price continues to be influenced by overall supply and demand for the Company's shares in the secondary market. In addition, the volatility of the net asset value per share in an asset class such as biotechnology is also a factor. The average month end share price discount during the year was 6.1%. The making and timing of any share buy-backs is at the absolute discretion of the Board.
- iii) Portfolio Performance Investment performance may not be meeting shareholder requirements.
  - The Board reviews regularly investment performance against the Benchmark and against the Company's peer group. The Board also receives regular reports that show an analysis of performance compared to other relevant indices. The Investment Manager provides an explanation of significant stock selection decisions and an overall rationale for the make-up of the portfolio. The Investment Manager discusses current and potential investment holdings with the Board on a regular basis.
- iv) Operational and Regulatory A breach of Sections 1158 and 1159 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 (formerly under Section 842 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988) could lead to the Company being subject to tax on capital gains, whilst a serious breach of other regulatory rules may lead to suspension from the Stock Exchange or to a qualified Audit Report. Other control failures, either by the Manager, the Investment Manager or any other of the Company's service providers, may result in operational and/or reputational problems, erroneous disclosures or loss of assets through fraud, as well as breaches of regulations.
  - All transactions and income and expenditure forecasts are reviewed by the Board at each Board Meeting. The Board considers regularly all major risks, the measures in place to control them and the possibility of any other risks that could arise. The Board also ensures that satisfactory assurances are received from service providers. The Compliance Officer of the Manager and Investment Manager produce regular reports for review at the Company's Audit and Management Engagement Committee meetings and are available to attend such meetings in person if required.
- v) Market Price Risks Uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments held.
  - The Board meets on a quarterly basis during the year and on an *ad hoc* basis if necessary. At each meeting the Directors consider the asset allocation of the portfolio in order to minimise the risk associated with particular countries, sectors, or instruments. The Investment Manager has responsibility for selecting investments in accordance with the Company's investment objective and seeks to ensure that investment in individual stocks falls within acceptable risk levels.

- 11
- vi) Liquidity Risk Ability to meet funding requirements when they arise. The Investment Manager has constructed the portfolio so that funds can be raised at short notice if required.
- vii) Shareholder Profile Activist shareholders whose interests are not consistent with the long-term objectives of the Company may be attracted onto the shareholder register.
  - The Manager provides a shareholder analysis at every Board Meeting so that the Board can give consideration as to any action required; this is in addition to regular reporting by the Company's Stockbroker. The Board has implemented an active discount management policy as mentioned in (ii) above.
- viii) Currency Risk Movements in exchange rates could adversely affect the performance of the portfolio.
  - A significant proportion of the Company's assets is, and will continue to be, invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, in particular U.S. dollars. As the Company's shares are denominated and trade in sterling, the return to shareholders will be affected by changes in the value of sterling relative to those foreign currencies. The Board has made clear the Company's position with regard to currency fluctuations which is that it does not currently hedge against currency exposure.
- ix) Loan Facility The provider of the Company's loan facility may no longer be prepared to lend to the Company.

  Both the Board and the Investment Manager are kept fully informed of any likelihood of the withdrawal of the loan facility so that repayment can be effected in an orderly fashion.
- x) Credit Risk The Company's assets can be held by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York as collateral for the loan provided by them to the Company. Such assets taken as collateral may be used, loaned, sold, rehypothecated or transferred by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York, although the Company maintains the economic benefits from ownership of those assets. Goldman Sachs & Co. New York may take up to 140% of the value of the outstanding loan as collateral. The Company is protected, such protection being equal to the net assets held by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York, by SEC rules and U.S. legislation. (Also see Glossary on page 44).
  - Assets held by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York, as custodian, that are not used as collateral, are held in segregated client accounts. At the year end no assets were taken as collateral by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York.
  - Further information on financial instruments and risk, as required by IAS 7, can be found in note 13 to the financial statements beginning on page 34.

#### LOAN FACILITY

With effect from December 2009, the Company's borrowing requirements are met through the utilisation of a loan facility, repayable on demand, provided by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York.

# SHARE CAPITAL

As part of the package of measures adopted in 2005 by the Board to improve the attraction of the Company's shares to new investors and also to provide the prospect of a sustained improvement in the rating of the Company's shares, an active discount management policy was implemented to buy back shares if the market price is at a discount greater than 6% to net asset value per share. As at 31 March 2011, the discount was 10.8%, somewhat wider than the stated target of 6%. It remains possible for the discount to be greater than 6% on any one day due to the fact that the share price continues to be influenced by overall supply and demand for the Company's shares in the secondary market. In addition, the volatility of the net asset value per share in an asset class such as biotechnology is also a factor. The average month end share price discount during the year was 6.1%. The making and timing of any share buy-back remains at the absolute discretion of the Board. Authority to buy back up to 14.99% of the Company's issued share capital is sought at each Annual General Meeting. During the year a total of 1,005,180 shares was bought back for cancellation representing 1.5% of the issued share capital at the beginning of the year. The purchases were made at prices ranging between £1.5714 and £1.8054 per share at a cost of £1,601,000 (including expenses) and at an average discount of 7.9% to the net asset value per share. A further 262,756 shares were repurchased for cancellation subsequent to the year end at a cost of £438,000 (including expenses). As at the date of this report there were 64,691,925 shares in issue.

# **PROSPECTS**

The Company's Investment Manager is optimistic for the outlook for the sector and believes that there are a number of new innovative products that have either been approved or are expected to be approved in 2011 that will have the potential to reach in excess of U.S.\$1 billion in annual sales. In addition, merger and acquisition activity and the release of important product data will continue to be key drivers for the sector.

The AIFM Directive, passed into law by the European Parliament last summer is due to take effect in 2013. The Association of Investment Companies has played a key role in ensuring that a series of more pragmatic measures have been adopted. The Board continues to keep this situation under close review.

# **MANAGEMENT**

Management, Administrative and Secretarial Services Agreement: Management, Administrative, Secretarial and other services are provided to the Company by the Manager. The Manager is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

Frostrow Capital LLP, as the Manager, receives a periodic fee equal to 0.30% per annum of the Company's market capitalisation, plus a fixed amount equal to £60,000 per annum\*. The notice period on the Management, Administration and Company Secretarial Agreement with the Manager is not less than 12 months. Termination can be at the instigation of either party.

<sup>\*</sup>This figure has been fixed for a period of three years from 1 April 2010.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) INCORPORATING THE BUSINESS REVIEW

The Manager, under the terms of the Agreement provides, inter alia, the following services:

- marketing and shareholder services;
- administrative services;
- advice and guidance in respect of corporate governance requirements;
- maintaining adequate accounting records in respect of Company dealing, investments, transactions, dividends and other income, the income account, statement of financial position and cash books and statements;
- preparation and despatch of the audited annual, and the unaudited interim, report and financial statements and interim management statements; and
- attending to general tax affairs where necessary.

#### INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

Investment Management Agreement: Investment Management Services are provided by the Investment Manager. The Investment Manager is authorised and regulated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The Investment Manager receives a periodic fee equal to 0.65% p.a. of the Company's net asset value. The Investment Management Agreement may be terminated by either party giving notice of not less than 12 months. The Investment Manager under the terms of the Agreement provides, inter alia, the following services:

- seeking out and evaluating investment opportunities;
- recommending the manner by which monies should be invested, disinvested, retained or realised;
- advising on how rights conferred by the investments should be exercised;
- analysing the performance of investments made; and
- advising the Company in relation to trends, market movements and other matters which may affect the investment policy of the Company.

The proportion of the Company's assets committed for investment in OrbiMed Asia Partners L.P. (formerly known as Caduceus Asia Partners L.P.), a limited partnership managed by OrbiMed Asia G.P., L.P., an affiliate of the Company's Investment Manager, is excluded from the Investment Management fee calculation.

Performance Fee: Dependent on the level of long term outperformance of the Company, the Investment Manager and the Manager are entitled to the payment of a performance fee. The performance fee is calculated by reference to the amount by which the Company's net asset value ('NAV') performance has outperformed the NASDAQ Biotechnology Index (sterling adjusted), the Company's benchmark index.

The fee is calculated quarterly by comparing the cumulative performance of the Company's NAV with the cumulative performance of the benchmark since the commencement of the performance fee arrangement on 30 June 2005. The performance fee amounts to 16.5% of any outperformance over the benchmark, the investment manager receiving 15% and the manager receiving 1.5% respectively. Provision is also made within the daily NAV per share calculation as required and in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards.

In order to ensure that only sustained outperformance is rewarded, at each quarterly calculation date any performance fee is based on the lower of:

- (i) The cumulative out-performance of the portfolio over the benchmark as at the quarter end date; and
- (ii) The cumulative out-performance of the portfolio over the benchmark as at the corresponding quarter end date in the previous year.

In addition, a performance fee only becomes payable to the extent that the cumulative outperformance gives rise to a total fee greater than the total of all performance fees paid to date.

During the year performance fee amounts totalling £517,000 were paid (year ended 31 March 2010: £Nil).

The proportion of the Company's assets invested in OrbiMed Asia Partners L.P. is excluded from the performance fee calculation.

#### MANAGER AND INVESTMENT MANAGER EVALUATION AND RE-APPOINTMENT

The performance of the Manager and the Investment Manager is reviewed continuously by the Audit and Management Engagement Committee with a formal evaluation being undertaken each year. As part of this process, the Committee monitors the services provided by the Manager and the Investment Manager and receives regular reports and views from them. The Committee also receives comprehensive performance measurement reports to enable it to determine whether or not the performance objectives set by the Board have been met. The Committee reviewed the appropriateness of the appointment of the Manager and the Investment Manager in March 2011 with a recommendation being made to the full Board.

The Board believes the continuing appointment of the Manager and the Investment Manager, under the terms described above and on the previous page, is in the interests of shareholders as a whole. In coming to this decision, it also took into consideration the following additional reasons:

- the quality and depth of experience of the management, administrative, company secretarial and marketing team that the Manager allocates to the management of the Company; and

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) INCORPORATING THE BUSINESS REVIEW

the quality and depth of experience allocated by the Investment Manager to the management of the portfolio and the level of performance of
the portfolio in absolute terms and also by reference to the benchmark index.

#### GOING CONCERN

The Directors believe that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts as the assets of the Company consist mainly of securities that are readily realisable and, accordingly, the Company has adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

# CREDITORS PAYMENT POLICY

Terms of payment are negotiated with suppliers when agreeing settlement details for transactions. While the Company does not follow a formal code, it is the Company's continuing policy to pay amounts due to creditors as and when they become due. There were no creditors in respect of goods or services supplied at the year end (2010: Nil).

# SOCIAL, ENVIRONMENTAL AND ETHICAL POLICY

The Company's primary objective is to achieve long term capital growth through investment in the worldwide biotechnology industry, principally by investing in emerging biotechnology companies. The Directors recognise that this should be done in a responsible way but they believe that the Company would be in breach of its fiduciary duties to shareholders if investment decisions were based solely on social, ethical or environmental considerations. The Company encourages a positive approach to corporate governance and engagement with companies.

#### **DIRECTORS**

Directors of the Company, all of whom served throughout the year, are as follows:

John Sclater, CVO, (Chairman)

Sven Borho

Paul Gaunt

Dr John Gordon

Peter Keen

Lord Waldegrave of North Hill

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

The beneficial interests of the Directors and their families in the Company were as set out below:

|                               | Shares of        | Shares of 25p each |  |  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|--|
|                               | 31 March<br>2011 | 31 March<br>2010   |  |  |
| John Sclater                  | 25,000           | 25,000             |  |  |
| Sven Borho                    | 236,218          | 221,218            |  |  |
| Paul Gaunt                    | _                | _                  |  |  |
| Dr John Gordon                | 70,000           | 70,000             |  |  |
| Peter Keen                    | 45,000           | 45,000             |  |  |
| Lord Waldegrave of North Hill | 58,716           | 58,716             |  |  |

As at 31 May 2011, there had been no changes in the above details.

None of the Directors was granted or exercised rights over shares during the year. Sven Borho is a partner at OrbiMed, the Company's Investment Manager, which is party to the Investment Management Agreement with the Company and receives fees as described on pages 11 and 12. A number of the partners at OrbiMed have a minority financial interest amounting in total to 20% in Frostrow Capital LLP, the Company's Manager.

#### DIRECTORS' FEES

A report on Directors' Remuneration is set out on pages 22 and 23.

# DIRECTORS' & OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE COVER

Directors' & officers' liability insurance cover was maintained by the Board during the year ended 31 March 2011. It is intended that this policy will continue for the year ended 31 March 2012 and subsequent years.

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# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) INCORPORATING THE BUSINESS REVIEW

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 30 April 2011 the Company was aware of the following interests in the shares of the Company, which exceeded 3% of the issued share capital.

| Beneficial<br>shareholder             | Registered holder                           | No. of shares | % of Issued<br>share<br>capital |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Newton Investment Management          | Various Nominees                            | 9,934,878     | 15.31                           |
| Baillie Gifford & Co.                 | BNY (OCS) Nominees/Sec Services Nominees    | 8,235,999     | 12.69                           |
| East Riding of Yorkshire Council      | Nortrust Nominees                           | 6,293,000     | 9.70                            |
| M&G Investment Management             | Various Nominees                            | 4,778,415     | 7.36                            |
| Reliance Mutual Insurance Society     | HSBC Global Custody Nominee (UK)/           |               |                                 |
|                                       | State Street Nominees                       | 3,808,063     | 5.87                            |
| JP Morgan Asset Management            | Chase Nominees/Bank of New York Nominees    | 3,658,805     | 5.64                            |
| Hansa Capital                         | Mellon Nominees (UK)/State Street Nominees/ |               |                                 |
| •                                     | Lynchwood Nominees                          | 2,355,915     | 3.63                            |
| Legal & General Investment Management | Various Nominees                            | 2,311,145     | 3.56                            |

#### **AUDITORS**

Grant Thornton UK LLP have indicated their willingness to continue to act as Auditors to the Company and a resolution for their re-appointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

# **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

As at the date of this report, indemnities are in force between the Company and each of its Directors under which the Company has agreed to indemnify each Director, to the extent permitted by law, in respect of certain liabilities incurred as a result of carrying out his role as a Director of the Company. The Directors are also indemnified against the costs of defending any criminal or civil proceedings or any claim by the Company or a regulator as they are incurred provided that where the defence is unsuccessful the Director must repay those defence costs to the Company. The indemnities are qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006.

A copy of each deed of indemnity is available for inspection at the Company's registered office during normal business hours and will be available for inspection at the Annual General Meeting.

# AWARENESS OF RELEVANT AUDIT INFORMATION

So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditors are unaware. The Directors have taken all steps they ought to have to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Auditors are aware of that information.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A formal statement on Corporate Governance is set out on pages 17 to 21 and forms part of this Report of the Directors.

#### BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF SHARES - INFORMATION RIGHTS

Beneficial owners of shares who have been nominated by the registered holder of those shares to receive information rights under section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 are required to direct all communications to the registered holder of their shares rather than to the Company's registrar, Capita Registrars, or to the Company directly.

# COMPANY SHARE INFORMATION

The following disclosures are made in accordance with paragraph 13 of Schedule 7 to the Large and Medium Sized Companies and Group (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008:

#### **Capital Structure**

The Company's capital structure is summarised on page 1.

#### Voting Rights in the Company's shares

Details of the voting rights in the Company's shares at the date of this Annual Report are given in note 9 to the Notice of Annual General Meeting on page 40.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) INCORPORATING THE BUSINESS REVIEW

#### NOTICE PERIOD FOR GENERAL MEETINGS

Recent amendments made to the Company's Articles of Association included a provision allowing 14 clear days as the minimum period of notice for all general meetings of the Company, other than Annual General Meetings, where the notice period remains 21 clear days. A Special Resolution was passed at last year's Annual General Meeting approving this. The Board is proposing Resolution 13 as a Special Resolution to renew this approval for a further year.

#### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The formal Notice of Annual General Meeting is set out on pages 38 to 41 of this Annual Report. Resolutions relating to the following items of special business will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting:

#### (a) Authority to allot shares

Ordinary Resolution 10 gives the Directors authority to allot new shares, otherwise than by a pro rata issue to existing shareholders, up to an aggregate nominal amount of £1,617,298 such amount being equivalent to 10% of the issued share capital at 31 May 2011 and representing 6,469,193 shares of 25p each. Such issues would only be made at prices greater than the prevailing net asset value ("NAV") per share thereby increasing the assets underlying each share and spread administrative expenses, other than those charged as a percentage of assets, over a greater number of shares.

#### (b) Disapplication of pre-emption rights

Special Resolution 11 seeks shareholder approval for the disapplication of pre-emption rights in respect of the allotment of shares or the sale by the Company of shares pursuant to a rights issue or a sale equivalent or similar to a rights issue for cash up to an aggregate nominal value of £1,617,298. No such allotment will be made at less than the prevailing NAV per share (as determined in the absolute discretion of the Directors).

#### (c) Authority to repurchase shares

Special Resolution 12 seeks shareholder approval for the Company to have the power to repurchase its own shares. The Board believes that the ability of the Company to purchase its own shares in the market will potentially benefit all shareholders of the Company. The repurchase of shares at a discount to the underlying NAV would enhance the NAV of the remaining shares.

At the Annual General Meeting the Company will seek shareholder approval to repurchase up to 9,697,320 shares, representing approximately 14.99% of the Company's issued share capital (the maximum permitted under the Listing Rules) at a price that is not less than 25p a share (the nominal value of each share) and not more than the higher of (a) 105% of the average of the middle market quotations for the five business days preceding the day of purchase; and (b) the higher of the price of the last independent trade in shares and the highest then current independent bid for shares on the London Stock Exchange. The decision as to whether to repurchase any shares will be at the absolute discretion of the Board. Shares repurchased under this authority will be cancelled.

#### (d) General meetings

Special Resolution 13 seeks shareholder approval to hold general meetings (other than Annual General Meetings) at 14 clear days' notice.

The authorities being sought under resolutions 10, 11, 12 and 13 will last until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting or, if less, a period of 15 months.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD FROSTROW CAPITAL LLP COMPANY SECRETARY

31 MAY 2011

Company law in the United Kingdom requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. The Directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors have:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- followed applicable international accounting standards; and
- prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as in force from time to time. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Directors and other information included in the Annual Report is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom. They are also responsible for ensuring that the Annual Report includes information required by the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority.

The financial statements are published on the Company's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and on the Manager's website (website address: <a href="www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>) and <a href="ww

The Directors, whose details can be found on page 4, confirm that to the best of their knowledge the financial statements, within the Annual Report, have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and the return for the year ended 31 March 2011, and that the Chairman's Statement, Review of Investments and the Report of the Directors include a fair review of the information required by 4.1.8R to 4.2.11R of the FSA's Disclosure and Transparency Rules.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD JOHN SCLATER, CVO CHAIRMAN 31 MAY 2011 This Corporate Governance Statement forms part of the Report of the Directors

#### COMPLIANCE

The Board has considered the principles and recommendations of the AIC Code of Corporate Governance ("AIC Code") by reference to the AIC Corporate Governance Guide for Investment Companies ("AIC Guide"). The AIC Code, as explained by the AIC Guide, addresses all the principles set out in Section 1 of the Combined Code, as well as setting out additional principles and recommendations on issues that are of specific relevance to The Biotech Growth Trust PLC.

The Board considers that reporting against the principles and recommendations of the AIC Code, and by reference to the AIC Guide (which incorporates the Combined Code), will provide better information to shareholders.

The Company has complied with the recommendations of the AIC Code and the relevant provisions of Section 1 of the Combined Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2011 and up to the date of this report, except with regard to the composition of its committees and as set out below.

The Combined Code includes provisions relating to:

- The role of the chief executive;
- Executive directors' remuneration; and
- The need for an internal audit function.

For the reasons set out in the AIC Guide, and in the preamble to the AIC Code, the Board considers these provisions are not relevant to the position of The Biotech Growth Trust PLC, being an externally managed investment company. The Company has therefore not reported further in respect of these provisions.

#### INTERNAL AUDIT

As the Company delegates to third parties its day-to-day operations and has no employees, the Board has determined that there are no requirements for an internal audit function. The Board reviews annually whether a function equivalent to an internal audit is needed and it will continue to monitor its systems of internal controls in order to provide assurance that they operate as intended.

# BOARD INDEPENDENCE, COMPOSITION AND TENURE

The Board, chaired by John Sclater who is responsible for leadership of the Board and for ensuring its effectiveness in all aspects of its role, currently consists of six non-executive Directors. The Directors' biographical details, set out on page 4, demonstrate a breadth of investment, commercial and professional experience. Dr John Gordon has been designated as the Senior Independent Director, who can act as a sounding board for the Chairman and also acts as an intermediary for the other Directors when necessary. The Directors review their independence annually.

On 28 May 2010 the Financial Reporting Council ("FRC") published the UK Corporate Governance Code which replaced the Combined Code on Corporate Governance and applies to reporting periods beginning on or after 29 June 2010. In turn the Association of Investment Companies updated the Code of Corporate Governance and Corporate Governance Guide to reflect the changes made to the UK Corporate Governance Code. One of the main changes is that all directors of FTSE 350 companies are now recommended to stand for annual re-election. The Directors have agreed, despite not being a FTSE 350 company, to adopt this provision as they believe it will enhance the Board's accountability to shareholders. Accordingly all Directors of the Company will stand for re-election annually. This decision will create a policy whereby Directors are required to seek election more frequently than as currently set out in the Company's Articles of Association.

Paul Gaunt is also a Director of Worldwide Healthcare Trust PLC for which OrbiMed also acts as Investment Manager and he has also served on the Board for over nine years. Despite being considered by the Board to be independent in character and judgement, Mr Gaunt is not considered by the Board to be an Independent Director. Sven Borho is a Founding General Partner of OrbiMed, the Company's Investment Manager, and is also not considered to be an Independent Director. Mr Sclater, Dr Gordon, Lord Waldegrave of North Hill and Mr Keen have all served on the Board for over nine years. The Board subscribes to the view expressed within the AIC Code that long-serving Directors should not be prevented from forming part of an independent majority. It does not consider that a Director's tenure necessarily reduces his ability to act independently and, following formal performance evaluations, believes that each of those Directors is independent in character and judgement and that there are no other relationships or circumstances which are likely to affect their judgement. The Board has considered the position of Mr Sclater, Dr Gordon, Lord Waldegrave of North Hill and Messrs Borho, Gaunt and Keen as part of the evaluation process, and believes that it would be in the Company's best interests to propose them for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

None of the Directors has a service contract with the Company. New Directors are appointed with the expectation that they will serve for a minimum period of three years. Any Director may resign in writing to the Board at any time. The terms of their appointment are detailed in a letter sent to them when they join the Board. These letters are available for inspection at the offices of the Company's Manager and will be available at the Annual General Meeting. When a new Director is appointed to the Board, they are provided with all relevant information regarding the Company and their duties and responsibilities as a Director. In addition, a new Director will also spend time with representatives of the Manager and Investment Manager in order to learn more about their processes and procedures. The Chairman also regularly reviews the training and development needs of each

Director. The Board also receives regular briefings from, amongst others, the Auditors and the Company Secretary regarding any proposed developments or changes in laws or regulations that could affect the Company and/or the Directors.

#### THE BOARD'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is responsible for efficient and effective leadership of the Company and has reviewed the schedule of matters reserved for its decision. The Board meets at least on a quarterly basis and at other times as necessary. The Board is responsible for all aspects of the Company's affairs, including the setting of parameters for and the monitoring of the investment strategy and the review of investment performance and investment policy. It also has responsibility for all corporate strategy issues, dividend policy, share buy-back policy, gearing, share price and discount/premium monitoring and corporate governance matters. To enable them to discharge their responsibilities, prior to each meeting the Directors are provided, in a timely manner, with a comprehensive set of papers giving detailed information on the Company's transactions, financial position and performance. Representatives of the Manager and Investment Manager attend each Board meeting, enabling the Directors to seek clarification on specific issues or to probe further on matters of concern; a full written report is also received from the Investment Manager and the Manager at each quarterly meeting. In light of these reports, the Board gives direction to the Investment Manager with regard to the Company's investment objectives and guidelines. Within these established guidelines, the Investment Manager takes decisions as to the purchase and sale of individual investments.

There is an agreed procedure for Directors, in the furtherance of their duties, to take independent professional advice if necessary at the Company's expense. The Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, through its appointed representative, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures are followed.

#### PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Board has carried out an evaluation process for the year ended 31 March 2011, independently managed by Dr Gordon, the Senior Independent Director. This took the form of a questionnaire followed by discussions to identify how the effectiveness of its activities, including its committees, policies and processes might be improved. The results of the evaluation process were presented to and discussed by the Board and, as a result, it was agreed that the current Directors contributed effectively and that all have the skills and experience which are relevant to the leadership and direction of the Company.

# CONFLICT OF INTEREST

On 1 October 2008 it became a statutory requirement that a Director must avoid a situation in which he or she has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the Company's interests (a "situational conflict"). The Company's Articles of Association have been amended to give the Directors authority to approve such situations, where appropriate.

It is the responsibility of each individual Director to avoid an unauthorised conflict situation arising. He or she must request authorisation from the Board as soon as he or she becomes aware of the possibility of a situational conflict arising.

The Board is responsible for considering Directors' requests for authorisation of situational conflicts and for deciding whether they should be authorised. The factors to be considered will include whether the situational conflict could prevent the Director from performing his or her duties, whether it has, or could have, any impact on the Company and whether it could be regarded as likely to affect the judgment and/or actions of the Director in question. When the Board is deciding whether to authorise a conflict or potential conflict, only Directors who have no interest in the matter being considered are able to take the relevant decision, and in taking the decision the Directors must act in a way they consider, in good faith, will be most likely to promote the Company's success. The Directors are able to impose limits or conditions when giving authorisation if they think this is appropriate in the circumstances.

A register of conflicts is maintained by the Company Secretary and is reviewed at quarterly Board meetings, to ensure that any authorised conflicts remain appropriate. Directors are required to confirm at these meetings whether there has been any change to their position.

The Directors must also comply with the statutory rules requiring company directors to declare any interest in an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company.

#### COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has delegated certain responsibilities and functions to committees. Copies of the full terms of reference, which clearly define the responsibilities of each committee, can be obtained from the Company Secretary, will be available for inspection at the Annual General Meeting and can be found at the Company's website at <a href="https://www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>. Following a review by the Board in 2007, it was agreed, that, due to the Board's size, the membership of the Company's Committees should comprise the whole Board (provided that a majority of the Directors present are independent). The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Dr John Gordon and the Nominations Committee is chaired by the Chairman of the Company, John Sclater. However, in March 2011, the Board agreed that, due to his connection with the Company's Investment Manager, Sven Borho should no longer be a member of the Remuneration and Nominations Committees.

The Audit and Management Engagement Committee, under the chairmanship of Peter Keen, now comprises the whole Board (except for Messrs Borho and Gaunt).

The table below details the number of Board and Committee meetings attended by each Director. During the year there were four Board meetings, two Audit and Management Engagement Committee meetings, one meeting of the Nominations Committee and one meeting of the Remuneration Committee.

|                                     | Board | Management<br>Engagement<br>Committee | Nominations<br>Committee | Remuneration<br>Committee |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of meetings held in 2010/11: | 4     | 2                                     | 1                        | 1                         |
| John Sclater                        | 4     | 2                                     | 1                        | 1                         |
| Sven Borho*                         | 4     | 1                                     | 1                        | 1                         |
| Paul Gaunt*                         | 4     | 1                                     | 1                        | 1                         |
| Dr John Gordon                      | 4     | 2                                     | 1                        | 1                         |
| Peter Keen                          | 4     | 2                                     | 1                        | 1                         |
| Lord Waldegrave of North Hill       | 4     | 2                                     | 1                        | 1                         |

All of the Directors attended the Annual General Meeting held on 16 July 2010.

#### NOMINATIONS COMMITTEE

The Nominations Committee is responsible for the Board appraisal process and for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment of new Directors. Where appropriate, each Director is invited to submit nominations and external advisers may be used to identify potential candidates.

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The level of Directors' fees is reviewed on a regular basis relative to other comparable investment companies and in the light of Directors' responsibilities. Details of the fees paid to the Directors in the year under review are detailed in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 22 and 23.

# AUDIT AND MANAGEMENT ENGAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Audit and Management Engagement Committee meets at least twice a year and is responsible for the review of the interim and annual financial statements, the nature and scope of the external audit and the findings therefrom and the terms of appointment of the Auditors, including their remuneration and the provision of any non-audit services by them. In addition, the Committee is responsible for the review of the Company's financial controls and of the Management and Investment Management agreements and of the services provided by the Manager and the Investment Manager.

The Audit and Management Engagement Committee meets representatives of the Manager and Investment Manager and their Compliance Officers who report as to the proper conduct of business in accordance with the regulatory environment in which the Company, Manager and Investment Manager operate. The Company's Auditors also attend meetings of this Committee at its request and report on their work procedures and their findings in relation to the Company's statutory audit. They also have the opportunity to meet with the Committee without representatives of the Manager or the Investment Manager being present. The Audit and Management Engagement Committee reviews the need for non-audit services and authorises such fees on a case by case basis, having consideration to the cost effectiveness of the services and the independence and objectivity of the Auditors. Non audit fees of £4,500 were paid to Grant Thornton UK LLP for their review of the Company's interim accounts and their review of the performance fee calculation as at 30 September 2010. The Board has concluded, on the recommendation of the Audit and Management Engagement Committee, that the Auditors continue to be independent and that their reappointment be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

# INTERNAL CONTROLS

Risk assessment and the review of internal controls are undertaken by the Board in the context of the Company's overall investment objective. The review covers the key business, operational, compliance and financial risks facing the Company. In arriving at its judgement of what risks the Company faces, the Board has considered the Company's operations in the light of the following factors:

- the nature and extent of risks which it regards as acceptable for the Company to bear within its overall business objective;
- the threat of such risks becoming a reality; and
- the Company's ability to reduce the incidence and impact of risk on its performance.

<sup>\*</sup>The decision that Messrs Borho and Gaunt should no longer be members of the Audit and Management Engagement Committee was taken after the Committee had met once during the year. It was further agreed, in March 2011, that Mr Borho should no longer be a member of the Nominations and Remuneration Committees with immediate effect

Against this background, the Board has split the review of risk and associated controls into five sections reflecting the nature of the risks being addressed. These sections are as follows:

- corporate strategy;
- investment activity;
- published information, compliance with laws and regulations;
- service providers; and
- financial activity.

The Company has appointed Frostrow Capital LLP to provide administrative services to the Company. The Company has obtained from its various service providers assurances and information relating to their internal systems and controls to enable the Board to make an appropriate risk and control assessment, including the following:

- details of the control environment in operation;
- identification and evaluation of risks and control objectives;
- review of communication methods and procedures; and
- assessment of the control procedures.

The key procedures which have been established to provide internal financial controls are as follows:

- investment management is provided by OrbiMed Capital LLC who provide regular updates and reports to the Board. The Board is responsible for setting the overall investment policy and monitors the actions of the Investment Manager at regular Board meetings;
- administration, company secretarial and marketing duties for the Company are performed by Frostrow Capital LLP;
- custody of assets is undertaken by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York;
- the Board clearly defines the duties and responsibilities of their agents and advisers. The appointment of agents and advisers to the Company is conducted by the Board after consideration of the quality of the parties involved; the Board monitors their ongoing performance and contractual arrangements;
- mandates for authorisation of investment transactions and expense payments are set by the Board; and
- the Board reviews financial information produced by the Investment Manager and the Manager in detail on a regular basis.

All of the Company's management functions are performed by third parties whose internal controls are reviewed by the Board or on its behalf by Frostrow Capital LLP.

In accordance with guidance issued to directors of listed companies, the Directors confirm that they have carried out a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control during the year, as set out above.

# RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board reviews the shareholder register at each Board meeting. The Company has regular contact with its institutional shareholders particularly through the Manager. The Board supports the principle that the Annual General Meeting be used to communicate with private investors. The full Board attends the Annual General Meeting under the Chairmanship of the Chairman of the Board. Details of proxy votes received in respect of each resolution are made available to shareholders at the meeting and are also published on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.biotechgt.com">www.biotechgt.com</a>. Representatives from the Investment Manager attend the Annual General Meeting and give a presentation on investment matters to those present. The Company has adopted a nominee share code which is set out overleaf.

The Board receives marketing and public relations reports from the Manager to whom the marketing function has been delegated. The Board reviews and considers the marketing plans of the Manager on a regular basis.

The annual and interim financial reports, the interim management statements and a monthly fact sheet are available to all shareholders. The Board considers the format of the annual and interim financial reports so as to ensure they are useful to all shareholders and others taking an interest in the Company. In accordance with best practice, the annual report, including the Notice of the Annual General Meeting, is sent to shareholders at least 20 working days before the meeting. Separate resolutions are proposed for substantive issues.

#### EXERCISE OF VOTING POWERS

The Board has delegated authority to the Investment Manager to vote the shares owned by the Company that are held on its behalf by its custodian, Goldman Sachs & Co. New York. The Board has instructed that the Investment Manager submit votes for such shares wherever possible. This accords with current best practice whilst maintaining a primary focus on financial returns. The Investment Manager may refer to the Board on any matters of a contentious nature. The Company does not retain voting rights on any shares that are subject to rehypothecation in connection with the loan facility provided by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York.

#### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the financial statements is set out on page 16. The report of the Auditor is set out on page 24. The Board has delegated contractually to external agencies, including the Manager, the Investment Manager and Goldman Sachs & Co. New York, the management of the portfolio, custodial services (which includes the safeguarding of the Company's assets), the day to day marketing, accounting administration, company secretarial requirements and registration services. Each of these contracts was entered into after full and proper consideration by the Board of the quality and cost of the services offered, including the control systems in operation in so far as they relate to the affairs of the Company. The Board receives and considers regular reports from the Manager and *ad hoc* reports and information are supplied to the Board as required.

#### NOMINEE SHARE CODE

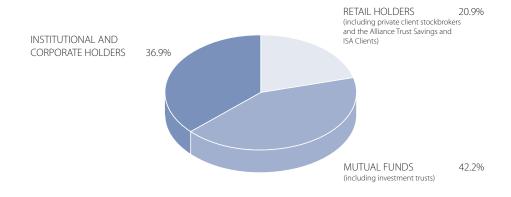
Where shares are held in a nominee company name and where the beneficial owner of the shares is unable to vote in person, the Company nevertheless undertakes:

- to provide the nominee company with multiple copies of shareholder communications, so long as an indication of quantities has been provided in advance;
- to allow investors holding shares through a nominee company to attend general meetings, provided the correct authority from the nominee company is available; and
- that investors in the Alliance Trust Savings Scheme or ISA are automatically sent shareholder communications, including details of general meetings, together with a form of direction to facilitate voting and to seek authority to attend.

Nominee companies are encouraged to provide the necessary authority to underlying shareholders to attend the Company's general meetings.

# SHAREHOLDER ANALYSIS

% of shares held at 31 March 2011



# DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

The Board has prepared this report in accordance with the requirements of Section 420 to 422 of the Companies Act 2006. An ordinary resolution for the approval of this report will be put to the members at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The law requires your Company's Auditors to audit certain of the disclosures provided. Where disclosures have been audited, they are indicated as such. The Auditors' opinion is included in their report on page 24.

# REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has six non-executive Directors. The whole Board, with the exception of Sven Borho, fulfils the function of a Remuneration Committee. The Board has appointed Dr John Gordon as Chairman, and the Board may utilise the services of the Company Secretary, Frostrow Capital LLP, or external advisers when they consider the level of Directors' fees.

# POLICY ON DIRECTORS' FEES

The Board's policy is that the remuneration of Directors should reflect the responsibilities and experience of the Board as a whole. Regard will be given to fees paid by other investment trusts that are similar in size, have a similar capital structure, and have a similar investment objective. It is intended that this policy will continue for the year ending 31 March 2012 and subsequent years.

The fees for the Directors are determined within the limits set out in the Company's Articles of Association, the maximum aggregate amount currently being £200,000.

At a Remuneration Committee meeting held on 2 March 2011, it was agreed that the remuneration of the Directors should be increased for the forthcoming year as detailed below. It was further agreed that the Directors' remuneration would not be reviewed again for at least two years.

# DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS FOR THE YEAR (AUDITED)

The Directors who served in the year (unless where stated) received the following emoluments in the form of fees:

|  | Level of fees<br>with effect from<br>1 April 2011<br>£'000 | Fees<br>2011<br>£'000 | Fees<br>2010<br>£'000 |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| John Sclater (Chairman of the Board)                                   | 32   | 29                    | 29                    |
| Sven Borho   | 22   | 20                    | 20                    |
| Paul Gaunt   | 22   | 20                    | 20                    |
| Dr John Gordon (Senior Independent Director)                           | 24   | 22                    | 22                    |
| Peter Keen (Chairman of the Audit and Management Engagement Committee) | 24   | 22                    | 22                    |
| Lord Waldegrave of North Hill  | 22   | 20                    | 20                    |
|  | 146  | 133                   | 133                   |

# **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

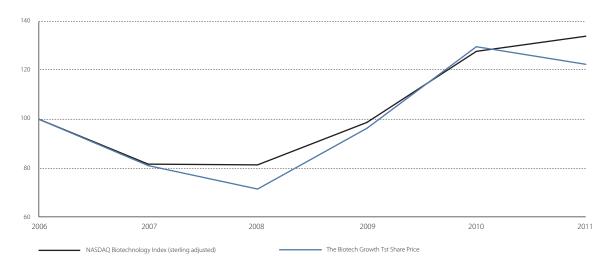
It is the Board's policy that none of the Directors has a service contract. The terms of their appointment provide that Directors shall retire and be subject to election at the first Annual General Meeting after their appointment and to re-election annually thereafter. The terms also provide that a Director may resign by giving one month's notice in writing to the Board at any time and may be removed without notice and that compensation will not be due on leaving office. The Company's policy is for the Directors to be remunerated in the form of fees payable quarterly in arrears.

# DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

# YOUR COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE

The law requires a line graph be included in the Directors' Remuneration Report comparing, for a period of five years, on a cumulative basis, the total return (assuming all dividends are reinvested) to shareholders and the total shareholder return on a notional investment made up of shares of the same kind and number as those by reference to which the NASDAQ Biotechnology Index (sterling adjusted) is calculated. (Please see below).

# SHAREHOLDER TOTAL RETURN FOR THE FIVE YEARS TO 31 MARCH 2011



Rebased to 100 as at 31 March 2006. Source: Bloomberg and Morningstar

#### **APPROVAL**

The Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 22 and 23 was approved by the Board of Directors on 31 May 2011 and signed on its behalf by John Sclater, CVO, Chairman.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BIOTECH GROWTH TRUST PLC

We have audited the financial statements of The Biotech Growth Trust PLC for the year ended 31 March 2011 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 16, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

# SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm">www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm</a>.

#### OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion:

- the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006; and
- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- lack lack we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Under the Listing Rules, we are required to review:

- the Directors' statement, set out on page 13, in relation to going concern;
- the part of the Corporate Governance Statement relating to the Company's compliance with the nine provisions of the June 2008 Combined Code specified for our review; and
- certain elements of the report to shareholders by the Board on Directors' remuneration.

JULIAN BARTLETT
SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF
GRANT THORNTON UK LLP
STATUTORY AUDITOR, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
LONDON
31 MAY 2011

for the year ended 31 March

| N  | otes | Revenue<br>£'000 | 2011<br>Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 | Revenue<br>£′000 | 2010<br>Capital<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 |
|--|------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Income   |      |                  |                          |                |                  |                          |                |
| Investment income  | 2    | 69               | -                        | 69             | 31               | _                        | 31             |
| Other income   | 2    | -                | -                        | -              | 34               | -                        | 34             |
| Total income   |      | 69               | -                        | 69             | 65               | _                        | 65             |
| <b>Gains and losses on investments</b> Gains on investments held at fair |      |                  |                          |                |                  |                          |                |
| value through profit or loss Exchange gains/(losses) on                  | 8    | -                | 2,691                    | 2,691          | -                | 30,979                   | 30,979         |
| currency balances  |      | -                | 402                      | 402            | _                | (725)                    | (725)          |
| Expenses Investment management,  |      |                  |                          |                |                  |                          |                |
| management and performance fees<br>Refund of VAT previously paid on      | 3    | -                | (752)                    | (752)          | -                | (1,365)                  | (1,365)        |
| management fees  |      | -                | -                        | -              | _                | 168                      | 168            |
| Other expenses   | 4    | (398)            | -                        | (398)          | (417)            | -                        | (417)          |
| (Loss)/profit before finance costs and taxation                          |      | (329)            | 2,341                    | 2,012          | (352)            | 29,057                   | 28,705         |
| Finance costs  | 5    | (11)             |                          | (11)           | (3)              | (13)                     | (16)           |
| (Loss)/profit before taxation  |      | (340)            | 2,341                    | 2,001          | (355)            | 29,044                   | 28,689         |
| Taxation   | 6    | (1)              | -                        | (1)            | _                | _                        | _              |
| (Loss)/profit for the year   |      | (341)            | 2,341                    | 2,000          | (355)            | 29,044                   | 28,689         |
| Basic and diluted<br>(loss)/earnings per share                           | 7    | (0.5)p           | 3.5p                     | 3.0p           | (0.6)p           | 52.4p                    | 51.8p          |

The Company does not have any income or expenses which are not included in the profit for the year. Accordingly the "profit for the year" is also the "total comprehensive income for the period", as defined in IAS 1 (revised) and no separate Statement of Comprehensive Income has been presented.

All of the profit and total comprehensive income for the period is attributable to the owners of the Company.

The "Total" column of this statement represents the Company's Income Statement, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The "Revenue" and "Capital" columns are supplementary to this and are prepared under guidance published by the Association of Investment Companies.

All items in the above statement derive from continuing operations.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

For the year ended 31 March 2011

|                                | Ordinary<br>share<br>capital<br>£'000 | Share<br>premium<br>account<br>£'000 | Special ireserve | Capital redemption reserve £'000 | Capital<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| At 31 March 2010               | 16,490                                | 19,298                               | 32,021           | 4,642                            | 50,970                      | (3,004)                     | 120,417        |
| Net profit/(loss) for the year | -                                     | -                                    | -                | -                                | 2,341                       | (341)                       | 2,000          |
| Issue costs refunded           | -                                     | 2                                    | _                | _                                | _                           | -                           | 2              |
| Buy-back of shares             | (251)                                 | -                                    | (1,601)          | 251                              | -                           | -                           | (1,601)        |
| At 31 March 2011               | 16,239                                | 19,300                               | 30,420           | 4,893                            | 53,311                      | (3,345)                     | 120,818        |

For the year ended 31 March 2010

|                                | Ordinary<br>share<br>capital<br>£'000 | Share<br>premium<br>account<br>£'000 | Special r<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Capital redemption reserve £'000 | Capital<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>reserve<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| At 31 March 2009               | 12,824                                | -                                    | 33,800                        | 4,307                            | 21,926                      | (2,649)                     | 70,208         |
| Net profit/(loss) for the year | _                                     | -                                    | -                             | -                                | 29,044                      | (355)                       | 28,689         |
| Issue of shares                | 4,001                                 | 19,877                               | -                             | -                                | _                           | _                           | 23,878         |
| Issue costs                    | _                                     | (579)                                | _                             | _                                | _                           | _                           | (579)          |
| Buy-back of shares             | (335)                                 | _                                    | (1,779)                       | 335                              | _                           | -                           | (1,779)        |
| At 31 March 2010               | 16,490                                | 19,298                               | 32,021                        | 4,642                            | 50,970                      | (3,004)                     | 120,417        |

as at 31 March

| Notes                                  | 2011<br>£'000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Non current assets                     |               |               |
| Investments held at fair value through |               |               |
| profit or loss 8                       | 128,346       | 132,618       |
| Current assets                         |               |               |
| Other receivables 9                    | 1,161         | 304           |
| Cash and cash equivalents              | 5,691         | _             |
|  | 6,852         | 304           |
| Total assets                           | 135,198       | 132,922       |
| Current liabilities                    |               |               |
| Other payables 10                      | 14,380        | 4,016         |
| Bank loan                              | _             | 8,489         |
|  | 14,380        | 12,505        |
| Net assets                             | 120,818       | 120,417       |
| Equity attributable to equity holders  |               |               |
| Ordinary share capital                 | 16,239        | 16,490        |
| Share premium account                  | 19,300        | 19,298        |
| Special reserve                        | 30,420        | 32,021        |
| Capital redemption reserve             | 4,893         | 4,642         |
| Capital reserve 15                     | 53,311        | 50,970        |
| Revenue reserve                        | (3,345)       | (3,004)       |
| Total equity                           | 120,818       | 120,417       |
| Net asset value per share 12           | 186.0p        | 182.6p        |

The financial statements on pages 25 to 37 were approved by the Board on 31 May 2011 and were signed on its behalf by:

JOHN SCLATER, CVO CHAIRMAN

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

The Biotech Growth Trust PLC – Company Registration Number 3376377 (Registered in England)

for the year ended 31 March

|  | 2011<br>£'000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Operating activities   |               |               |
| Profit before tax  | 2,001         | 28,689        |
| Add back interest paid   | 11            | 16            |
| Less: gain on investments held at fair value through profit or loss              | (2,691)       | (30,979)      |
| Add: exchange (gains)/losses on currency balances                                | (402)         | 725           |
| Purchases of investments held at fair value through profit or loss               | (98,383)      | (109,571)     |
| Sales of investments held at fair value through profit or loss                   | 115,677       | 82,788        |
| Increase in other receivables  | (15)          | (17)          |
| (Decrease)/increase in other payables  | (810)         | 667           |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities before interest and taxation | 15,388        | (27,682)      |
| Interest paid  | (11)          | (16)          |
| Taxation paid  | (1)           | _             |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities                              | 15,376        | (27,698)      |
| Financing activities   |               |               |
| Refund of issue costs  | 2             | _             |
| Issue of shares  | _             | 23,299        |
| Buy-back of shares   | (1,600)       | (2,387)       |
| (Repayment)/drawdown of bank loan  | (8,489)       | 5,350         |
| Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing   | (10,087)      | 26,262        |
| Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                 | 5,289         | (1,436)       |
| Cash and cash equivalents at start of year                                       | _             | 2,161         |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes  | 402           | (725)         |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year   | 5,691         | -             |

#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). These comprise standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), together with interpretations of the International Accounting Standards and Standards Committee ("IASC") that remain in effect, to the extent that IFRS have been adopted by the European Union.

#### (a) Accounting Convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the measurement at fair value of investments. Where presentational guidance set out in the revised Statement of Recommended Practice ("the SORP") for Investment Trust Companies produced by the Association of Investment Companies and Venture Capital Trusts ("AIC") dated January 2009 is consistent with the requirements of IFRS, the Directors have sought to prepare the financial statements on a basis compliant with the recommendations of the SORP.

#### (b) Investments

Investments are recognised and de-recognised on the trade date.

As the entity's business is investing in financial assets with a view to profiting from their total return in the form of interest, dividends or increases in fair value, investments are designated as fair value through profit or loss and are initially recognised at fair value. The entity manages and evaluates the performance of these investments on a fair value basis in accordance with its investment strategy, and information about the investments is provided internally on this basis to the Board.

Investments designated as at fair value through profit or loss, which are quoted investments, are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value, which is either the bid or the last trade price, depending on the convention of the exchange on which it is quoted.

In respect of unquoted investments, or where the market for a financial instrument is not active, fair value is established by using valuation techniques which may include using recent arm's length market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, if available, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models. Where there is a valuation technique commonly used by market participants to price the instrument and that technique has been demonstrated to provide reliable estimates of prices obtained in actual market transactions, that technique is utilised.

Gains and losses on disposal are also recognised in the Income Statement.

The total transaction costs for the year were £530,000 (31 March 2010: £415,000) broken down as follows: purchase transaction costs for the year to 31 March 2011 were £232,000, (31 March 2010: £246,000), sale transaction costs were £298,000 (31 March 2010: £169,000). These costs consist mainly of commission and stamp duty.

#### (c) Presentation of Income Statement

In order to better reflect the activities of an investment trust company, and in accordance with guidance issued by the AIC, supplementary information which analyses the Income Statement between items of a revenue and capital nature has been presented alongside the Income Statement. In accordance with the Company's status as a UK investment company under section 833 of the Companies Act 2006, capital reserves may not be distributed by way of dividend, although may be utilised for the purposes of share buy-backs. Additionally, net revenue is the measure the Directors believe appropriate in assessing the Company's compliance with certain requirements set out in section 1158 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010.

#### (d) Income

Dividends receivable on equity shares are recognised on the ex-dividend date. Where no ex-dividend date is quoted, dividends are recognised when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Dividends and interest on investments in unquoted shares and securities are recognised when they become receivable.

#### (e) Expenses and Finance Costs

All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. Expenses are charged through the Income Statement except as follows:

- expenses which are incidental to the acquisition or disposal of an investment are charged to the capital column of the Income Statement;
- expenses are charged to the capital column of the Income Statement where a connection with the maintenance or enhancement of the value of the investment can be demonstrated, and accordingly;
- investment management and management fees and related irrecoverable VAT are charged to the capital column of the Income Statement as the Directors expect that in the long term virtually all of the Company's returns will come from capital, and
- loan interest is charged to the Income Statement and allocated to capital as the Directors expect that in the long term virtually all of the Company's returns will come from capital.

#### (f) Taxation

In line with the recommendations of the SORP, the allocation method used to calculate tax relief on expenses presented against capital returns in the supplementary information in the Income Statement is the "marginal basis". Under this basis, if taxable income is capable of being offset entirely by expenses presented in the revenue column of the Income Statement, then no tax relief is transferred to the capital column.

Investment trusts which have approval under Section 1158 Corporation Tax Act 2010 (formerly under Section 842 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988) are not liable for taxation on capital gains.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the Balance Sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Income Statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

#### (g) Foreign Currencies

The currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the functional currency) is pounds sterling ("sterling"), which is also the presentational currency of the Company. Transactions involving currencies other than sterling are recorded at the exchange rate ruling on the transaction date. At each Statement of Financial Position date, monetary items and non-monetary assets and liabilities that are fair valued, which are denominated in foreign currencies, are retranslated at the closing rates of exchange.

Exchange differences arising on settlements of monetary items and from retranslating at the Statement of Financial Position date including investments and other financial instruments measured as fair value through profit or loss and other monetary items are included in the Income Statement and allocated as capital if they are of a capital nature, or as revenue if they are of a revenue nature.

#### (h) Reserves

#### **Capital reserves**

The following are credited or charged to the capital column of the Income Statement and then transferred to the Capital Reserve:

- gains or losses on disposal of investments
- exchange differences of a capital nature
- expenses allocated to this reserve in accordance with the above referred policies
- increases and decreases in the valuation of investments held at year end

#### **Capital Redemption Reserve**

• a transfer will be made to this reserve on cancellation of the Company's own shares purchased

#### **Special Reserve**

During the financial year ended 31 March 2004 a Special Reserve was created, following the cancellation of the Share Premium account, in order to provide an increased distributable reserve out of which to purchase the Company's own shares.

#### (i) Functional and presentational currency

The financial information is shown in sterling, being the Company's presentational currency. In arriving at the functional currency the Directors have considered the following:

- (i) the primary economic environment of the Company;
- (ii) the currency in which the original capital was raised;
- (iii) the currency in which distributions are made;
- (iv) the currency in which performance is evaluated; and
- (v) the currency in which the capital would be returned to shareholders on a break up basis.

The Directors have also considered the currency to which the underlying investments are exposed and liquidity is managed.

The Directors are of the opinion that sterling best represents the functional currency.

#### (j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in hand and in banks and short-term deposits which are held to maturity are carried at cost. Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash in hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand, which form an integral part of the Company's cash management, are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

#### (k) Operating segments

IFRS 8 requires entities to define operating segments and segment performance in the financial statements based on information used by the Board of Directors. The Directors are of the opinion that the Company is engaged in a single segment of business, being the investments business. The results published in this report therefore correspond to the sole operating segment.

# (I) Standards and amendments to published standards that are not yet effective

The IASB and IFRIC have issued number of standards and interpretations which are not effective for the year ended 31 March 2011 but are relevant for the Company. The Directors have therefore chosen not to adopt these standards early as they do not anticipate that they would have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective 1 January 2013);
- Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes (effective 1 January 2012).

# 2. INCOME

|   | 2011<br>£'000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Investment income   |               |               |
| Money market dividends  | _             | 2             |
| Overseas income   | 69            | 29            |
|   | 69            | 31            |
| Other operating income  |               |               |
| Interest receivable (including interest on VAT repayment from HMRC) | _             | 34            |
| Total income  | 69            | 65            |

# 3. INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, MANAGEMENT AND PERFORMANCE FEES

|  | Revenue<br>2011<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2011<br>£'000 | Total<br>2011<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>2010<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2010<br>£'000 | Total<br>2010<br>£'000 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Investment management fee              | _                        | 711                      | 711                    | _                        | 544                      | 544                    |
| Management fee                         | _                        | 322                      | 322                    | -                        | 247                      | 247                    |
| Performance fee (written back)/accrued | _                        | (281)                    | (281)                  | -                        | 574                      | 574                    |
|  | -                        | 752                      | 752                    | -                        | 1,365                    | 1,365                  |

Details of the performance fee basis and amounts paid during the year can be found in the Report of the Directors on page 12.

# 4. OTHER EXPENSES

|  | Revenue<br>2011<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2011<br>£'000 | Total<br>2011<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>2010<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2010<br>£'000 | Total<br>2010<br>£'000 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Directors' emoluments                    | 133                      | -                        | 133                    | 133                      | _                        | 133                    |
| Fixed element of management fee          | 60                       | _                        | 60                     | 50                       | _                        | 50                     |
| Auditors' remuneration for the audit     |                          |                          |                        |                          |                          |                        |
| of the Company's financial statements    | 22                       | _                        | 22                     | 22                       | _                        | 22                     |
| Auditors' remuneration for review of     |                          |                          |                        |                          |                          |                        |
| the interim accounts and performance fee |                          |                          |                        |                          |                          |                        |
| calculation                              | 5                        | _                        | 5                      | 3                        | _                        | 3                      |
| Broker retainer                          | 25                       | _                        | 25                     | 25                       | _                        | 25                     |
| Other including irrecoverable VAT        | 153                      | -                        | 153                    | 184                      | -                        | 184                    |
|  | 398                      | -                        | 398                    | 417                      | _                        | 417                    |

Details of the amounts paid to Directors are included in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 22 and 23.

# 5. FINANCE COSTS

|                    | Revenue<br>2011<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2011<br>£'000 | Total<br>2011<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>2010<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2010<br>£'000 | Total<br>2010<br>£'000 |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Bank overdraft     | 11                       | _                        | 11                     | 3                        | -                        | 3                      |
| Bank loan interest | _                        | -                        | -                      | _                        | 13                       | 13                     |
|                    | 11                       | -                        | 11                     | 3                        | 13                       | 16                     |

# 6. TAXATION

# (a) Analysis of charge in the year:

|   | Revenue<br>2011<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2011<br>£'000 | Total<br>2011<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>2010<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2010<br>£'000 | Total<br>2010<br>£'000 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Overseas taxation suffered                        | 1                        | -                        | 1                      | -                        | -                        | _                      |
| Total current taxation for the year (see note 6b) | 1                        | -                        | 1                      | -                        | _                        | _                      |

#### (b) Factors affecting current tax charge for year

Approved investment trusts are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the Company.

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2010: 28%). The differences are explained below:

|  | Revenue<br>2011<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2011<br>£'000 | Total<br>2011<br>£'000 | Revenue<br>2010<br>£'000 | Capital<br>2010<br>£'000 | Total<br>2010<br>£'000 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Net profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation                                     | (340)                    | 2,341                    | 2,001                  | (355)                    | 29,044                   | 28,689                 |
| Corporation tax at 28% (2010: 28%) Effects of: Non-taxable gains on investments held at fair | (95)                     | 655                      | 560                    | (99)                     | 8,132                    | 8,033                  |
| value through profit or loss   | _                        | (865)                    | (865)                  | _                        | (8,518)                  | (8,518)                |
| Non-taxable overseas dividends   | (16)                     | -                        | (16)                   | (8)                      | _                        | (8)                    |
| Income taxable in different years  | -                        | -                        | _                      | 4                        | _                        | 4                      |
| Overseas taxes   | 1                        | -                        | 1                      | _                        | _                        | _                      |
| Excess expenses unused   | 110                      | 210                      | 320                    | 102                      | 386                      | 488                    |
| Disallowed expenses  | 1                        | _                        | 1                      | 1                        | -                        | 1                      |
| Current tax charge   | 1                        | -                        | 1                      | -                        | -                        | -                      |

# 6. TAXATION (continued)

#### (c) Provision for deferred tax

No provision for deferred taxation has been made in the current or prior year.

The Company has not provided for deferred tax on capital gains or losses arising on the revaluation or disposal of investments, as it is exempt from tax on these items because of its status as an investment trust company.

The Company has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £4,108,000 (2010: £4,103,000) arising as a result of excess management expenses and loan relationship deficits. These excess expenses will only be utilised if the Company generates sufficient taxable income in the future.

# 7. BASIC AND DILUTED (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

|                           | Revenue | Capital | Total | Revenue | Capital | Total |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|
|                           | 2011    | 2011    | 2011  | 2010    | 2010    | 2010  |
|                           | £'000   | £'000   | £'000 | £'000   | £'000   | £'000 |
| (Loss)/earnings per share | (0.5)p  | 3.5p    | 3.0p  | (0.6)p  | 52.4p   | 51.8p |

The total gain per share of 3.0p (2010: gain 51.8p) is based on the total gain attributable to equity shareholders of £2,000,000 (2010: gain £28,689,000).

The revenue loss per share 0.5p (2010: loss 0.6p) is based on the revenue loss attributable to equity shareholders of £341,000 (2010: £355,000).

The capital gain per share of 3.5p (2010: gain 52.4p) is based on the capital gain attributable to equity shareholders of £2,341,000 (2010: gain £29,044,000).

The total revenue loss and capital gain per share are based on the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year of 65,687,388 (2010: 55,422,574).

# 8. INVESTMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS

|   | 2011<br>Listed  |                   |                | 2010           |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
|   | Equity<br>£'000 | Unquoted<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 | Total<br>£'000 |
| Cost at 1 April 2010 Investment holding gains/(losses) at | 101,874         | 1,134             | 103,008        | 63,784         |
| 1 April 2010  | 29,668          | (58)              | 29,610         | 7,472          |
| Valuation at 1 April 2010                                 | 131,542         | 1,076             | 132,618        | 71,256         |
| Movement in the year                                      |                 |                   |                |                |
| Purchases at cost   | 108,901         | 655               | 109,556        | 112,392        |
| Sales – proceeds  | (116,157)       | (362)             | (116,519)      | (82,009)       |
| <ul><li>– gains/(losses) on disposal</li></ul>            | 17,184          | 315               | 17,499         | 8,841          |
| Net movement in investment holding gains                  | (14,312)        | (496)             | (14,808)       | 22,138         |
| Valuation at 31 March 2011                                | 127,158         | 1,188             | 128,346        | 132,618        |
| Closing book cost at 31 March 2011                        | 111,802         | 1,742             | 113,544        | 103,008        |
| Investment holding gains/(losses) at 31 March 2011        | 15,356          | (554)             | 14,802         | 29,610         |
| Valuation at 31 March 2011                                | 127,158         | 1,188             | 128,346        | 132,618        |

|   | 2011<br>£′000      | 2010<br>£'000    |
|---|--------------------|------------------|
| Gains on investments: Gains on disposal based on historical cost Amounts recognised as investment holding loss in previous year           | 17,499<br>(19,727) | 8,841<br>(4,545) |
| (Losses)/gains on disposal based on carrying value at previous balance sheet date<br>Net movement in investment holding gains in the year | (2,228)<br>4,919   | 4,296<br>26,683  |
| Gains on investments  | 2,691              | 30,979           |

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#### 9. OTHER RECEIVABLES

|                                | 2011<br>£′000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Future settlements – sales     | 1,086         | 244           |
| Other debtors                  | 23            | 17            |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 52            | 43            |
|                                | 1,161         | 304           |

# 10. OTHER PAYABLES

|   | 2011<br>£'000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Future settlements – purchases              | 14,010        | 2,837         |
| Future settlements – purchase of own shares | 3             | 2             |
| Performance fee accrued                     | -             | 798           |
| Other creditors and accruals                | 367           | 379           |
|   | 14,380        | 4,016         |

# 11. ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL

|  | 2011<br>£′000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Allotted, called up, issued and fully paid:<br>64,954,681 shares of 25p (2010: 65,959,861) | 16,239        | 16,490        |

At 31 March 2011 the Company had 64,954,681 shares of 25p in issue (2010: 65,959,861). During the year 1,005,180 shares were repurchased for cancellation at a cost of £1,601,000 (including expenses). A further 262,756 shares were repurchased for cancellation at a cost of £438,000 (including expenses) subsequent to the year end and to the date of this report.

# 12. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

|                           | 2011<br>£'000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Net asset value per share | 186.0p        | 182.6p        |

The net asset value per share is based on the net assets attributable to equity shareholders of £120,818,000 (2010: £120,417,000) and on 64,954,681 (2010: 65,959,861) shares in issue at 31 March 2011.

# 13. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

As an investment trust, the Company invests in equities and other investments for the long term so as to secure its investment objective as stated on pages 8 and 9. In pursuing its investment objective, the Company is exposed to a variety of risks that could result in either a reduction or increase in the Company's net assets or in profits.

The Company's financial instruments comprise securities and other investments, cash balances, debtors and creditors and a loan facility that arise directly from its operations (for example, in respect of sales and purchases awaiting settlement).

The main risks the Company faces from its financial instruments are (i) market price risk (comprising currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk (i.e. changes in market prices other than those arising from interest rate or currency risk)), (ii) liquidity risk and (iii) credit risk.

The Board reviews regularly and agrees policies for managing and monitoring each of these risks.

#### 1. Market price risk:

The fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument held by the Company may fluctuate because of changes in market prices. This market risk comprises three elements – currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

The Company's portfolio is exposed to market price fluctuations which are monitored by the Investment Manager in pursuance of the investment objective. Further information on the composition of the portfolio is set out on page 7.

No derivatives or hedging instruments are utilised to manage market price risk.

# 13. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (continued)

#### (a) Currency risk:

A significant proportion of the Company's portfolio is denominated in currencies other than sterling (the Company's functional currency, and in which it reports its results). As a result, movements in exchange rates can significantly affect the sterling value of those items.

#### Management of risk

The Investment Manager and Manager monitor the Company's exposure to foreign currencies on a continuous basis and report to the Board regularly. The Investment Manager does not hedge against foreign currency movements, but takes account of the risk when making investment decisions.

Income denominated in foreign currencies is converted into sterling on receipt. The Company does not use financial instruments to mitigate the currency exposure in the period between the time that the income is included in the financial statements and its receipt.

#### Foreign currency exposure

At the date of the Statement of Financial Position the Company held £124,088,000 (2010: £126,416,000) of investments denominated in U.S. dollars and £4,258,000 (2010: £6,187,000) in other non-sterling currencies.

#### Currency sensitivity

The following table details the sensitivity of the Company's profit or loss after taxation for the year to a 10% increase and decrease in sterling against U.S. dollars (2010: 10% increase and decrease).

The above percentages have been determined based on market volatility in exchange rates over the previous twelve months. The analysis is based on the Company's foreign currency financial instruments held at each Statement of Financial Position date, after adjusting for an increase/decrease in management fees. Movements in the performance fee accruals have been excluded from the analysis below.

If sterling had weakened against U.S. dollars, as stated above, this would have had the following effect:

|   | 2011<br>USD<br>£'000 | 2010<br>USD<br>£'000 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Impact on revenue return  | _                    | _                    |
| Impact on capital return  | 13,698               | 13,955               |
| Total return after tax/effect on shareholders' funds  | 13,698               | 13,955               |
| If sterling had strengthened against U.S. dollars, as stated above, this would have had the following effect: |                      |                      |
|   | 2011<br>USD<br>£'000 | 2010<br>USD<br>£'000 |
| Impact on revenue return  | _                    | _                    |
| Impact on capital return  | (11,207)             | (11,418)             |
| Total return after tax/effect on shareholders' funds  | (11,207)             | (11,418)             |

#### (b) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

# $\label{eq:management} \textbf{Management of the risk}$

The possible effects on fair value and cash flows that could arise as a result of changes in interest rates are taken into account when making investment decisions.

The Company, generally, does not hold significant cash balances, with short term borrowing being used when required and therefore deems this risk to be immaterial.

#### Interest rate exposure

The Company has a loan facility with Goldman Sachs & Co. New York which is repayable on demand. At the year end the facility was unutilised. At the year end the Company held £5,657,000 cash at Goldman Sachs & Co. New York (2010: £Nil).

#### (c) Other price risk

Other price risk may affect the value of the quoted investments.

If market prices at the date of the Statement of Financial Position had been 5% higher or lower (2010: 30% higher or lower) while all other variables had remained constant, the return and net assets attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2011 would have increased/decreased by £6,376,000 (2010: £39,527,000), after adjusting for an increase or decrease in management fees. The calculations are based on the portfolio valuations as at the respective Statement of Financial Position dates.

# 13. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (continued)

#### 2. Liquidity risk:

This is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

#### Management of the risk

Liquidity risk is not significant as the majority of the Company's assets are investments in quoted equities and other quoted securities that are readily realisable. The Company has a loan facility with Goldman Sachs & Co. New York which is repayable on demand.

The Board gives guidance to the Investment Manager as to the maximum amount of the Company's resources that should be invested in any one company.

#### Liquidity exposure

Contractual maturities of the financial liabilities as at 31 March 2011, based on the earliest date on which payment can be required, are as follows:

Amounts due to brokers and accruals £14,380,000 (2010: £4,016,000) and the Company's loan facility of which £Nil (2010: £8,489,000) was drawn down at 31 March 2011. All of the stated financial liabilities are repayable within three months or less.

#### 3. Credit risk:

The failure of the counterparty to a transaction to discharge its obligations under that transaction could result in the Company suffering a loss.

The Company has a loan facility, repayable on demand, provided by Goldman Sachs & Co. New York. Further details of the risks associated with this loan facility can be found on page 11. As at 31 March 2011, none of the Company's assets were held as collateral.

# Management of the risk

The risk is not significant and is managed as follows:

- by only dealing with brokers which have been approved by OrbiMed Capital LLC and banks with high credit ratings; and
- by setting limits to the maximum exposure to any one counterparty at any time.

At 31 March 2011 the Company's exposure to credit risk amounted to £1,161,000 and was in respect of other receivables, such as amounts due from brokers, dividends and interest receivable (2010: £304,000). At this date the Company held a cash balance of £5,691,000 (2010: Nil).

#### Hierarchy of investments

The Company has classified its financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss and the fair value of derivative financial instruments using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the fair value measurements. The hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

| As of 31 March 2011                            | Level 1<br>£'000 | Level 2<br>£'000 | Level 3<br>£'000 | Total<br>£'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Assets   |                  |                  |                  |                |
| Financial investments designated at fair value |                  |                  |                  |                |
| through profit or loss                         | 127,158          | -                | 1,188            | 128,346        |
|  | Level 1          | Level 2          | Level 3          | Total          |
| As of 31 March 2010                            | £'000            | £'000            | £'000            | £'000          |
| As of 31 March 2010 Assets                     |                  |                  |                  |                |
|  |                  |                  |                  |                |

#### Level 3 Reconciliation

Please see below a reconciliation disclosing the changes during the year for the financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss classified as being Level 3.

|                              | 2011<br>£'000 | 2010<br>£'000 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Assets                       |               |               |
| As at 1 April                | 692           | 719           |
| Total losses during the year | (159)         | (448)         |
| Capital commitments          | 655           | 421           |
| Assets as at 31 March        | 1,188         | 692           |

# 13. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (continued)

#### Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are either carried in the Statement of Financial Position at their fair value or at a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### Capital management policies and procedures

The Company's capital management objectives are:

- to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern; and
- to maximise the total return to its equity shareholders through an appropriate balance of equity capital and debt.

The Company's capital is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position on page 27 and is managed on a basis consistent with its investment objectives and policies as discussed in the Report of the Directors on pages 8 and 9. The Company currently has a loan facility with Goldman Sachs & Co. New York which is repayable on demand, which can be used to satisfy the Company's borrowing requirements.

The Board, with the assistance of the Manager and the Investment Manager, monitors and reviews the broad structure of the Company's capital on an ongoing basis. This review includes:

- the planned level of gearing, which takes into account the Investment Manager's view of the market;
- the need to buy back equity shares, either for cancellation or to hold in treasury, which takes account of the difference between the net asset value per share and the share price (i.e. the level of share price discount or premium);
- the possible need for new issues of equity shares; and
- the extent to which revenue in excess of that which is required to be distributed should be retained.

The Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital are unchanged from the preceding accounting period.

The Company is also subject to several externally imposed capital requirements.

- as a public company, the Company has a minimum share capital of £50,000; and
- in order to be able to pay dividends out of profits available for distribution, the Company has to be able to meet one of the two capital restriction tests imposed on investment companies by company law.

These requirements are unchanged since last year and the Company has complied with them at all times.

#### 14. RELATED PARTIES

Details of the relationship between the Company, Frostrow Capital LLP and OrbiMed Capital LLC are disclosed in the Report of Directors on pages 11 and 12. Sven Borho is a Director of the Company, as well as a Partner of the Company's Investment Manager, OrbiMed Capital LLC. During the year ended 31 March 2011, OrbiMed Capital LLC earned £711,000 in respect of Investment Management fees, of which £189,000 was outstanding at the year end. In addition, amounts totalling £472,000 were paid during the year in respect of performance fees which crystalised.

# 15. CAPITAL RESERVE

|                                     | Capital reserve – other £'000 | Capital reserve –<br>investment<br>holdings gains/<br>(losses)<br>£'000 | Total<br>£′000 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------|
| At 31 March 2010                    | 21,360                        | 29,610  | 50,970         |
| Transfer on disposal of investments | 19,727                        | (19,727)  | -              |
| Net gains on investments            | (2,228)                       | 4,919   | 2,691          |
| Exchange gains                      | 402                           | -   | 402            |
| Expenses charged to capital         | (752)                         | -   | (752)          |
| At 31 March 2011                    | 38,509                        | 14,802  | 53,311         |

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of The Biotech Growth Trust PLC will be held at the Barber-Surgeons' Hall, Monkwell Square, Wood Street, London, EC2Y 5BL on Thursday, 14 July 2011 at 12 noon for the following purposes:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and, if thought fit, to accept the Audited Financial Statements and the Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 March 2011
- 2. To re-elect John Sclater as a Director of the Company
- 3. To re-elect Sven Borho as a Director of the Company
- 4. To re-elect Paul Gaunt as a Director of the Company
- 5. To re-elect Dr John Gordon as a Director of the Company
- 6. To re-elect Peter Keen as a Director of the Company
- 7. To re-elect Lord Waldegrave of North Hill as a Director of the Company
- 8. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 31 March 2011
- 9. To re-appoint Grant Thornton UK LLP as Auditors to the Company and to authorise the Directors to determine their remuneration

## SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolutions of which resolutions 11, 12 and 13 will be proposed as special resolutions:

#### **Authority to Allot Shares**

10. THAT in substitution for all existing authorities the Directors be and are hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Act") to exercise all powers of the Company to allot relevant securities (within the meaning of Section 551 of the Act) up to a maximum aggregate nominal amount of £1,617,298 (being 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the notice convening the meeting at which this resolution is proposed) and representing 6,469,193 shares of 25 pence each (or, if less, the number representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date at which this resolution is passed), provided that this authority shall expire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in 2012 or 15 months from the date of passing this resolution, whichever is the earlier, unless previously revoked, varied or renewed, by the Company in general meeting and provided that the Company shall be entitled to make, prior to the expiry of such authority, an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot relevant securities pursuant to such offer or agreement as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired.

## Disapplication of Pre-emption Rights

- 11. THAT in substitution of all existing powers the Directors be and are hereby generally empowered pursuant to Sections 570 and 573 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Act") to allot equity securities (within the meaning of section 560 of the Act) for cash pursuant to the authority conferred on them by resolution 10 set out in the notice convening the Annual General Meeting at which this resolution is proposed or otherwise as if section 561(1) of the Act did not apply to any such allotment and to sell relevant shares (within the meaning of section 560 of the Act) for cash as if section 561(1) of the Act did not apply to any such sale, provided that this power shall be limited to the allotment of equity securities pursuant to:
  - (a) an offer of equity securities open for acceptance for a period fixed by the Directors where the equity securities respectively attributable to the interests of holders of shares of 25 pence each in the Company ("Shares") are proportionate (as nearly as may be) to the respective numbers of Shares held by them but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements in connection with the issue as the Directors may consider necessary, appropriate, or expedient to deal with equity securities representing fractional entitlements or to deal with legal or practical problems arising in any overseas territory, the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange, or any other matter whatsoever; and
  - (b) (otherwise than pursuant to sub-paragraph (a) above) up to an aggregate nominal value of £1,617,298 or, if less, the number representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the meeting at which this resolution is passed,

and expires at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company after the passing of this resolution or 15 months from the date of passing this resolution, whichever is the earlier, unless previously revoked, varied or renewed by the Company in general meeting and provided that the Company shall be entitled to make, prior to the expiry of such authority, an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities pursuant to such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired.

#### **Authority to Repurchase Ordinary Shares**

- 12. THAT the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with section 701 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Act") to make one or more market purchases (within the meaning of section 693(4) of the Act) of ordinary shares of 25 pence each in the capital of the Company ("Shares") for cancellation provided that:
  - (a) the maximum aggregate number of Shares authorised to be purchased is 9,697,320 (representing approximately 14.99% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the notice convening the meeting at which this resolution is proposed);
  - (b) the minimum price (exclusive of expenses) which may be paid for a Share is 25 pence;
  - (c) the maximum price (exclusive of expenses) which may be paid for a Share is an amount equal to the greater of (i) 105% of the average of the middle market quotations for a Share as derived from the Daily Official List of the London Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the day on which that Share is purchased and (ii) the higher of the price of the last independent trade in shares and the highest then current independent bid for shares on the London Stock Exchange as stipulated in Article 5(1) of Regulation No. 2233/2003 of the European Commission (Commission Regulation of 22 December 2003 implementing the Market Abuse Directive as regards exemptions for buyback programmes and stabilisation of financial instruments);
  - (d) the authority hereby conferred shall expire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in 2012 or, if earlier, on the expiry of 15 months from the date of the passing of this resolution unless such authority is renewed prior to such time; and
  - (e) the Company may make a contract to purchase Shares under this authority before the expiry of such authority which will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiration of such authority, and may make a purchase of Shares in pursuance of any such contract.

#### **General Meetings**

13. THAT the Directors be authorised to call general meetings (other than Annual General Meetings) on not less than 14 clear days' notice, such authority to expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or, if earlier, until expiry of 15 months from the date of the passing of this resolution.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

REGISTERED OFFICE: ONE WOOD STREET LONDON EC2V 7WS

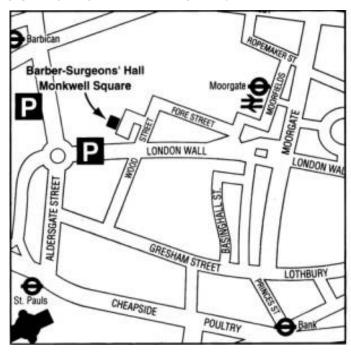
FROSTROW CAPITAL LLP COMPANY SECRETARY 31 MAY 2011

#### Notes

- 1. Members are entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of their rights to attend and to speak and vote on their behalf at the meeting. A shareholder may appoint more than one proxy in relation to the meeting provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by that shareholder. A proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company. A proxy form which may be used to make such appointment and give proxy instructions accompanies this notice.
- 2. A vote withheld is not a vote in law, which means that the vote will not be counted in the calculation of votes for or against the resolutions. If no voting indication is given, a proxy may vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion. A proxy may vote (or abstain from voting) as he or she thinks fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the meeting.
- 3. To be valid any proxy form or other instrument appointing a proxy must be completed and signed and received by post or (during normal business hours only) by hand at Capita Registrars, PXS, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent BR3 4TU no later than 12 noon on 12 July 2011.
- 4. In the case of a member which is a company, the instrument appointing a proxy must be executed under its seal or signed on its behalf by a duly authorised officer or attorney or other person authorised to sign. Any power of attorney or other authority under which the instrument is signed (or a certified copy of it) must be included with the instrument.
- 5. The return of a completed proxy form, other such instrument or any CREST Proxy Instruction (as described below) will not prevent a shareholder attending the meeting and voting in person if he/she wishes to do so.
- 5. Any person to whom this notice is sent who is a person nominated under section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 to enjoy information rights (a "Nominated Person") may, under an agreement between him/her and the shareholder by whom he/she was nominated, have a right to be appointed (or have someone else appointed) as a proxy for the meeting. If a Nominated Person has no such proxy appointment right or does not wish to exercise it, he/she may, under any such agreement, have a right to give instructions to the shareholder as to the exercise of voting rights.
- 7. The statement of the rights of shareholders in relation to the appointment of proxies in paragraphs 1 and 3 above does not apply to Nominated Persons. The rights described in these paragraphs can only be exercised by shareholders of the Company.
- 8. Pursuant to regulation 41 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001, only shareholders registered on the register of members of the Company (the "Register of Members") at 5.30 p.m. on 12 July 2011 (or, in the event of any adjournment, on the date which is two days before the time of the adjourned meeting) will be entitled to attend and vote or be represented at the meeting in respect of shares registered in their name at that time. Changes to the Register of Members after that time will be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the meeting.
- 9. As at 31 May 2011 (being the last business day prior to the publication of this notice) the Company's issued share capital consists of 64,691,925 ordinary shares, carrying one vote each. Therefore, the total voting rights in the Company as at 31 May 2011 are 64,691,925.
- 10. CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies through the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual. CREST Personal Members or other CREST sponsored members, and those CREST members who have appointed a service provider(s), should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf.
- 11. In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made using the CREST service to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a "CREST Proxy Instruction") must be properly authenticated in accordance with the specifications of Euroclear UK and Ireland Limited ("CRESTCo"), and must contain the information required for such instruction, as described in the CREST Manual. The message, regardless of whether it constitutes the appointment of a proxy or is an amendment to the instruction given to a previously appointed proxy must, in order to be valid, be transmitted so as to be received by the issuer's agent (ID RA10) no later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Application Host) from which the issuer's agent is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST. After this time any change of instructions to proxies appointed through CREST should be communicated to the appointee through other means.
- 12. CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors, or voting service providers should note that CRESTCo does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular message. Normal system timings and limitations will, therefore, apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or, if the CREST member is a CREST personal member, or sponsored member, or has appointed a voting service provider, to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s)) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time. In this connection, CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting system providers are referred, in particular, to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings.
- 13. The Company may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5)(a) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001.
- 14. In the case of joint holders, where more than one of the joint holders purports to appoint a proxy, only the appointment submitted by the most senior holder will be accepted. Seniority is determined by the order in which the names of the joint holders appear in the Register of Members in respect of the joint holding (the first named being the most senior).
- 15. Members who wish to change their proxy instructions should submit a new proxy appointment using the methods set out above. Note that the cut-off time for receipt of proxy appointments (see above) also applies in relation to amended instructions; any amended proxy appointment received after the relevant cut-off time will be disregarded.
- 16. Members who have appointed a proxy using the hard-copy proxy form and who wish to change the instructions using another hard-copy form, should contact Capita Registrars on 0871 664 0300 (calls cost 10p per minute plus network extras). Lines are open 8.30am to 5.30pm Monday to Friday.
- 17. If a member submits more than one valid proxy appointment, the appointment received last before the latest time for the receipt of proxies will take precedence.
- 18. In order to revoke a proxy instruction, members will need to inform the Company. Members should send a signed hard copy notice clearly stating their intention to revoke a proxy appointment to Capita Registrars, PXS, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent BR3 4TU.
  - In the case of a member which is a company, the revocation notice must be executed under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an officer of the company or an attorney for the company. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which the revocation notice is signed (or a duly certified

copy of such power of attorney) must be included with the revocation notice. If a member attempts to revoke their proxy appointment but the revocation is received after the time for receipt of proxy appointments (see page 40) then, subject to paragraph 4, the proxy appointment will remain valid.

# LOCATION OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING



## **DIRECTORS**

John Sclater CVO, Chairman

Sven Borho

Paul Gaunt

Dr John Gordon

Peter Keen

Lord Waldegrave of North Hill

## COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER

3376377 (Registered in England)

The Company is an investment company as defined under Section 833 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Company was incorporated in England on 20 May 1997. The Company was incorporated as Reabourne Merlin Life Sciences Investment Trust PLC

#### WEBSITE

www.biotechat.com

## REGISTERED OFFICE

One Wood Street London EC2V 7WS

# INVESTMENT MANAGER

OrbiMed Capital LLC

767 Third Avenue, 30th Floor

New York

New York NY10017 - 2023

LISA

Website: www.orbimed.com

Registered under the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

# MANAGER, ADMINISTRATOR AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Frostrow Capital LLP

25 Southampton Buildings

London WC2A 1AL

Telephone: 0203 008 4910

E-Mail: info@frostrow.com

Website: www.frostrow.com

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

If you have an enquiry about the Company or if you would like to receive a copy of the Company's monthly fact sheet by e-mail, please contact Frostrow Capital using the above e-mail address.

## CUSTODIAN AND BANKER

Goldman Sachs & Co. 200 West Street, Third Floor New York, NY 10282

#### **AUDITORS**

Grant Thornton UK LLP 30 Finsbury Square London EC2P 2YU

#### STOCKBROKER

Winterflood Securities Limited

The Atrium Building

Cannon Bridge

25 Dow Gate Hill

London EC4R 2GA

## REGISTRARS

Capita Registrars

The Registry

34 Beckenham Road

Beckenham

Kent BR3 4TU

Telephone (in UK): 0871 664 0300†

Telephone (from overseas): +44 20 8639 3399

Facsimile: +44 (0) 1484 600911 E-Mail: ssd@capitaregistrars.com

Website: www.capitaregistrars.com

Please contact the Registrars if you have a query about a certificated holding in the Company's shares.

†calls cost 10p per minute plus network charges and may be recorded for training purposes. Lines are open from 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Monday to Friday.

## SHARE PRICE LISTINGS

The price of your shares can be found in various publications including the Financial Times, The Daily Telegraph, The Times and The Scotsman.

The Company's net asset value per share is announced daily and is available, together with the share price, on the TrustNet website at www.trustnet.com.

# **IDENTIFICATION CODES**

SEDOL Shares 0038551

GB0000385517 ISIN BLOOMBERG : BIOG LN FPIC BIOG



#### **Disability Act**

Copies of this annual report and other documents issued by the Company are available from the Company Secretary. If needed, copies can be made available in a variety of formats, including braille, audio tape or larger type as appropriate. You can contact the Registrar to the Company, Capita Registrars, which has installed telephones to allow speech and hearing impaired people who have their own telephone to contact them directly, without the need for an intermediate operator, for this service please call 0800 731 1888. Specially trained operators are available during normal business hours to answer queries via this service. Alternatively, if you prefer to go through a 'typetalk' operator (provided by RNID) you should dial 18001 from your textphone followed by the number you wish to dial.

HOW TO INVEST 43

## ALLIANCE TRUST SAVINGS LIMITED

The Company's shares are available through savings plans (including investment Dealing Accounts, ISAs and SIPPs) operated by Alliance Trust Savings Limited, which facilitates both regular monthly investments and lump sum investments in the Company's shares. Shareholders who would like information on the savings plans should call Alliance Trust Savings Limited on 01382 573737 or log on to <a href="https://www.alliancetrustsavings.co.uk">www.alliancetrustsavings.co.uk</a> or email contact@alliancetrust.co.uk. Calls to this number may be recorded for monitoring purposes.

An Individual Savings Account ('ISA') is a tax efficient method of investment for an individual which gives the opportunity to invest in the Company up to £10,680 in the tax year 2011/2012 and in subsequent tax years when they subscribe to a Stocks and Shares ISA.

The preceding two paragraphs have been issued and approved by Alliance Trust Savings Limited. Alliance Trust Savings Limited of PO Box 164, 8 West Marketgait, Dundee DD1 9YP is registered in Scotland with number SC98767. Alliance Trust Savings Limited provides investment products and services and is authorised and regulated by the Finance Services Authority. It does not provide investment advice.

#### CAPITA REGISTRARS - SHARE DEALING SERVICE

A quick and easy share dealing service is available to existing shareholders through the Company's Registrar, Capita Registrars, to either buy or sell shares. An online and telephone dealing facility provides an easy to access and simple to use service.

Type of trade Online Telephone
Share certificates 1% of the value of the deal
(Minimum £20.00, max £75.00) (Minimum £25.00, max £102.50)

There is no need to pre-register and there are no complicated forms to fill in. The online and telephone dealing service allows you to trade 'real time' at a known price which will be given to you at the time you give your instruction.

To deal online or by telephone all you need is your surname, shareholder reference number, full postcode and your date of birth. Your shareholder reference number can be found on your latest statement or certificate where it will appear as either a 'folio number' or 'investor code'. Please have the appropriate documents to hand when you log on or call, as this information will be needed before you can buy or sell shares.

For further information on this service please contact: <u>www.capitadeal.com</u> (online dealing) or 0871 664 0445† (telephone dealing)

†Calls cost 10p per minute plus network extras and may be recorded for training purposes. Lines are open from 8.00 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. Monday to Friday.

The Share Dealing Service is provided by Capita IRG Trustees Limited which has issued and approved the preceding paragraphs. Capita IRG Trustees Limited, The Registry, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent BR3 4TU is registered in England and Wales with number 2729260. Capita IRG Trustees Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

#### RISK WARNINGS

- Past performance is no guarantee of future performance.
- The value of your investment and any income from it may go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount invested. This is because the share price is determined by the changing conditions in the relevant stockmarkets in which the Company invests and by the supply and demand for the Company's shares.
- As the shares in an investment trust are traded on a stockmarket, the share price will fluctuate in accordance with supply and demand and may
  not reflect the underlying net asset value of the shares; where the share price is less than the underlying value of the assets, the difference is
  known as the 'discount'. For these reasons, investors may not get back the original amount invested.
- Although the Company's financial statements are denominated in sterling, it may invest in stocks and shares that are denominated in currencies other than sterling and to the extent they do so, they may be affected by movements in exchange rates. As a result, the value of your investment may rise or fall with movements in exchange rates.
- Investors should note that tax rates and reliefs may change at any time in the future.
- The value of ISA tax advantages will depend on personal circumstances. The favourable tax treatment of ISAs may not be maintained.

#### INVESTMENT TRUST TERMS

#### **Discount or Premium**

A description of the situation when the share price is lower or higher than the net asset value ("NAV") per share. The size of the discount or premium is calculated by subtracting the share price from the NAV per share and is usually expressed as a percentage (%) of the NAV per share. If the share price is higher than the NAV per share, this situation is called a premium.

#### Gearing

Also known as leverage, particularly in the USA. The form used to describe the process of borrowing money for investment purposes in the expectation that the returns on the investments purchased using the borrowings exceed the costs of these borrowings.

## Hypothecation

The pledging of securities or other assets as collateral to secure a loan such as a debt balance in a margin account.

#### Initial Public Offering (IPO)

The initial offer by a company of shares to be quoted on a stock exchange. Often known as a flotation.

#### Net Asset Value (NAV)

The value of the Company's assets, principally investments made in other companies and cash being held, minus any liabilities for which the Company is responsible, e.g. money owed to other people. The NAV is also described as 'shareholders' funds'. The NAV is often expressed in pence per share after being divided by the number of shares which have been issued. The NAV per share is unlikely to be the same as the share price which is the price at which the Company's shares can be bought or sold by an investor. The share price is determined by the relationship between the demand and supply for the shares.

#### Rehypothecation

The pledging to banks by securities brokers of the assets in a customer's margin account used as collateral for a loan.

#### Total Assets

Total assets less current liabilities before deducting prior charges. Prior charges includes all loans for investment purposes.

#### **Total Expense Ratio**

The total expense ratio is calculated by taking the Company's expenses, excluding performance fees and exceptional items, and dividing by the average net asset value of the Company over the year.

# **Treasury Shares**

Shares previously issued by a company that has been bought back from shareholders to be held by the company for potential sale or cancellation at a later date.

